

THE  
SECRET  
HISTORY  
OF  
Queen Z A R A H,  
AND THE  
ZARAZIANS.

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WHEREIN

The *Amours, Intrigues, and Gallantries* of the Court of *Albigion* (during her Reign) are pleasantly expos'd; and as surprizing a *Scene of Love and Politicks*, represented, as perhaps this, or any other Age or Country, has hitherto produc'd.

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Suppos'd to be translated from the *Italian Copy*, now lodg'd in the *Vatican at Rome*, By the late Ingenious Mrs. MANLEY: And design'd as Looking-Glass for an Illustrious LADY.

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## THE P R E F A C E.

**T**HE favourable Reception the little Histories of this Kind have met with, has encourag'd me to translate the following, which I hope may prove as acceptable to the candid Reader, whom I shall no longer detain from the Story, than to remove the Misunderstandings some may conceive, as if this was a Modern History, and related to several Affairs transacted near Home, to the great Prejudice of the Original Manuscript, which I can assure them is highly valued at Rome, and whoever refuses to believe, may be satisfied there, if they think it worth their while to go thither on Purpose.

*In the mean Time I wou'd have them ref't satisfied the whole Story is a Fiction, that there is no such Country in the World as Albigion, nor any such Person now Living, or ever was, as Zarah, or the other Names Characteriz'd throughout the Work.*

*The Manuscript is so ancient, that 'tis suppos'd to be writ by Cain in the Land of Nod, before*

## THE PREFACE.

fare Cities were built, or Men had form'd themselves into Government; and 'tis taken now for a kind of Prophecy against some Wicked Female Favourite, that should in future Days come into the World with this Mark of the Beast upon her, that she should be a second Pope Joan, and Rule the Church, by Reigning Absolute over her Sovereign, who ought to be Supream Head, both in Matters Civil and Ecclesiastical.

However the Matter may be construed, it can relate to nothing transacted now - a - days, and therefore I am apt to think it is something yet to come, having never read or heard of such a Character before; And I almost believe it impossible any Nation under the Moon ever cou'd produce a Creature of so little Use to the rest of the Creation besides her self, as this Wonder of her Sex, Queen Zarah is feign'd to be.

That alone is sufficient to perswade me this Story is all a Romantick Tale of a Tub; tho' some People, I cannot tell from what Grounds, are positive there is some Truth in it, and they fancy strange things, that they can tell the whole Design; that there is no Mystery in it, but the Mystery of Iniquity, and so please themselves with vain Imaginations of I know not what.



A D.

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THE  
S E C R E T  
H I S T O R Y  
O F  
Queen Z A R A H, &c.



For all the Kingdoms in the World, *Albigion* is reckoned the fullest of Adventures, there being scarce any Nation in the habitable Earth but what it hath some Commerce or Communication with, insomuch that the People are become as famous abroad for *Politicks*, as the *Muscovites* are at Home for *Love* and *Gallantry*. The Youth of that Country, encourag'd by their Parents Example, aspire to be Privy-Councillors, before they get rid of the Rod of their School-masters; and Prentice-Boys assume the Air of Statesmen 'ere they yet have learn'd the Mystery of Trade.

*Mechanicks* of the meanest Rank plead for a *Liberty* to abuse their *Betters*, and turn out Ministers of State with the same Freedom that they smoke *Tobacco*. *Carmen* and *Coblers* over *Coffee*, draw up Articles of *Peace* and *War*, and make Partition *Treaties* at their Will and Pleasure; in a Word, from the *Prince* to the *Peasant* every one here enjoys his *Natural Liberty*; whether it proceed from the Nature

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of the Climate, or the Temper of the People I cannot resolve you; I rather think *Subjects* are such as the Rules and Laws of the Government make them.

The renowned Lady *Zarab*, (tho' of obscure Parents) was Born in the Reign of *Rolando*, King of *Albigion*, one of the most Gallant Princes the World ever had, when *Gallantry* was so much in Vogue, that it was as almost Natural to be a *Gallant*, as to Live: In those Happy Days it was she first received the Breath of Life, common to all other Creatures as well as her, but which none has improv'd to that vast Advantage. Her Mother's Name was *Jenifa*, a Woman in a low Sphere, but had a large Occupation; was one who knew the World well, and was studious of her own *Interest*; though she was not admix'd for her *Wit*, that *Defect* was suppli'd by some little Arts she had peculiar to some sort of Women, by which Means she gain'd the Hearts of all Men who convers'd with her.

In a few Years *Zarab* grew up to the Admiration of all that knew her *Birth* and *Education*, for her Mother had instru&cted her in every Art that was necessary to engage and charm *Mankind*, so that she soon became the Object of their Wishes and Desires, as well for the Excellency of her Conversation as the Agreeableness of her *Beauty*. About that time there was one *Hippolito*, a Handsome Gentleman, Well Born, Young and Vigorous, who had pleas'd other Women, and was reputed to make his Fortune that Way; she had Twice or Thrice seen him at the Ball, which was frequently made in those Days for the Diversion of the Ladies; *Hippolito* was excellent at Dancing, and always came off with Applause and Admiration; every Step he took carried Death with it, and made all the Company praise him, which sensibly touch'd *Zarab's* Heart: 'Tis not unusual.

usual to find Women affected with a Man's Merit upon Occasions of that Nature ; She was deeply sensible of the *Applause* and *Honour* bestow'd by the Company on *Hippolito* ; when she came from the Ball she cou'd not forbear being Melancholy and Pensive, even before her Mother ; she could neither Eat, Drink, nor Sleep ; this troubl'd extreamly the Indulgent *Jenifa*, who was so inquisitive after the least Concern of the *Health* and *Pleasure* of her Daughter, that she was more in Pain than her to see her languish as she did ; she cou'd not Imagine what it should be that she should hide it from such a Mother, and was so much concerned at it she could not rest for thinking of it ; *Zarab* was more and more *Love-sick*, which by degrees grew so upon her, it alter'd her quite ; the good Mother redoubl'd her Care, and if it had been possible wou'd have redoubled her Love ; she pray'd her every Moment if she was in *Love* to tell her the Cause, and protest'd she would not stick at any Thing for her Satisfaction, so tender a Regard had the Old Woman for her Daughter's Passion.

*Zarab* perceiveing her Mother's Fondness, and how pleasantly she flatter'd her most passionate Desires, cry'd out with a surprizing Tenderness, *Hippolito is the Man the most Charming in my Eyes, and the most Accomplish'd on Earth* ; but alas, he loves and is beloved again by *Clelia*, and you know, continued she, *what Disadvantages a Lover lies under, to have a Rival that is both Proud and Handsome* ; besides the Title of *Chief Mistress to the King* gives her both Power and Favour to oblige him, and affords him the greater Pleasure and Ambition to be obliged : For *Clelia* is wholly possess'd with a *Passion for Hippolito* ; she loves the King as most Mistresses of that Kind use to do, that is, as far as the Power of a Monarch could make her love a Man who rai-

sed her above all other Women ; she Reigned in all outward Splendour imaginable, but amidst all her Glories she was troubled with a Passion for a Man she could love for his own Sake. A Woman subject to such Reflections as these is hardly kept within the Bounds of her Duty : thus Clelia found it too hard a Task not to transgress a little when she had cast her Eyes upon Hippolito.

The King's Bounties she thought were but her Due, or at least sufficiently requited in the superficial Acknowledgments she made him ; and that if she lov'd him not heartily, 'twas not her Fault, but his, who knew not how to gain her Affection. Such is the Fortune of Monarchs in Love, when they are with their Mistresses, they commonly lay aside that Majesty which dazzles the Eyes and affects the Hearts of Mankind ; they go undress'd into their Chambers and make themselves so familiar with their Mistresses, that they afterwards use them as other Men.

As Glorious as it is for an Ambitious Woman to see at her Feet every Day a Person who commands all others, yet Monarchs are deceiv'd if they think their Mistresses are always true. No Passion, but that of extraordinary Love, can fix a Woman's Heart. Ambition alone is too weak a Gage for their Fidelity ; it frequently happens Princes owe their amorous Conquest more to their Quality than Merit ; and accordingly they extend only to what is external and gross, when Love and Inclination, frustrated of their Expectation from them, and not satisfied with Pomp and Show, goes in Search of Satisfaction elsewhere.

If this be all (said Jenisa, the kind Mother) trouble not your self about it, this is but a small Matter in respect of what I have perform'd in my Time of the like Nature ; for as Hippolito is a Brave Man, he will Scorn to be oblig'd long to a Woman, who having first forfeited her Honour to her Royal Master, will cancel the Obligations of Honour he otherwise owed her, and be glad of the Pretence to bestow his Favours on another Woman, in whose

whose Beauty and Fidelity he can place his Heart as well as his Interest; for 'tis Natural for Men that love Pleasure, to love that which is of their own procuring. And 'tis easy, continued she, to think of such Measures as will bring about what is very agreeable, both to your Wishes of Love, and my Desires of Ambition.

According as *Jenifa* had laid the Plot, the next Time *Zarab* went to Court, *Clelia* saw her, grew violent fond of her, and invited her to her Apartments, little thinking she was her Rival, which *Zarab* was so far from denying, that she willingly accepted of the Favour. Night drawing on, *Hippolito* came as usual to pay *Clelia* a Visit, but how was *Zarab* confounded when she saw the Man she lov'd next Heaven best, approach her with all the Advantages and Opportunities of a happy Lover, not knowing how he should come there; for *Clelia* was absent, being sent for suddenly by the King; *Hippolito*, who saw her in surprize, gaz'd on her Beauty for a while, was Charmed with the Sight of it, and cou'd not express his Joy for the Transport of his Love. But at last recollecting himself, and observing *Zarab's* Confusion, he broke Silence thus, *Madam I confess my Surprize, but it is altogether owing to your Beauty; for I can scarce satisfy my self that what I see is real, tho' my Heart wou'd willingly flatter me it is. Pray resolve me, Madam, Is this Place Enchanted?* (For it was very spacious, and made on purpose for a Cooling Room in the Heat of Summer, and had in it several Beds of Turf very prettily made, with Pots of Jessamine Flowers, and other Sweets all about; in a Word, it was a Place pick'd out for the King's Pleasure :) Here *Zarab* was in Bed; and as there is nothing so handsome as a Beautiful Woman in Bed, he was so charm'd at the Sight of her, that he was as much disorder'd as she, and knew not what

what he did. At last *Zarab* got the Liberty of her Tongue, which at other Times was voluble enough, and answer'd, *I believe, Sir, (said she) you have mistaken the Object of your Passion, for I am not ignorant Clelia is her, the happy she, for whom those soft and tender things were meant. I confess Madam, said he, Clelia is my Mistress, but deserves not to possess a Heart whose Eyes have seen a Lady so Beautiful as you are: and nothing but a Passion equal to that I have for you cou'd prevail upon me to think less of her. Nothing but the extremity of your Beauty, whose Charms are irresistible, cou'd excuse me. But let a Man value himself never so much on his Integrity, yet a Passion raised in him by a Person so Amiable as you, will be Proof against all Batteries of Duty or Interest.*

We may easily guess these passionate Expressions of *Hippolito* were not a little pleasing to *Zarab*, who reply'd, *That she believ'd he was a generous and brave Man, but that his Heart was its own Master, and wou'd love one to Day, and another to Morrow; that his S-niments were subject to change as other things; that Love, like Nature, was not charming to him but Variety; For Example, says she, to Day you are for me, but Three or Four Days hence you will be for another. And you wou'd think it Injustice in me to expell that you shou'd be truer to me than you are to Clelia.*

It may be admir'd perhaps that Two Persons so little acquainted shou'd in so few Minutes become so familiar; but we must know *Love* in those Countries makes far quicker Progress than in ours, where the Winds, and the Snow, and the Rain, spoil his Wings, and hinder his Flight; for it is the Custom of the *Grandees* of that Country, when they have not a particular Inclination for any Woman, to take this to Day, and another to Morrow: And having lost the Taite of *Love*, to Search for Pleasure in *Change* and *Variety*. Thus

Thus while the Two *Lovers* were wholly engag'd in their Amours, *Hippolito* us'd all the Gallantry of a Courtier, and all the Indearments of a Passionate Lover. *Jenifa*, who had contrived this Interview, and likewise procur'd *Clelia*'s Absence, and resolv'd to strike while the Iron was Hot, goes directly to *Clelia*'s Apartments, on purpose not so much to Surprize the Lovers, as to compas the Design which she was then carrying on, of Marrying her Daughter to *Hippolito*. They heard a Noise at the Door; *what should be the meaning of all this?* Said they one to another, having a Thousand Fears upon them, tho' they could not imagine that any Person in the Apartments cou'd make the least Discovery of an Intrigue, which was so accidental, that neither of them was the Contriver of, or could have imagined to happen. But at last *Jenifa* breaks open the Door, comes in quite out of Breath, and throws her self half Dead (as she pretended) into the Arms of her Daughter. What frightful Fancies had *Hippolito* then in his Head? He presently imagined they were utterly undone, and that it was by *Clelia*'s Contrivance, not suspecting *Jenifa*'s Designs in the least.

*Blast my Eyes, said she, what is this I see?* (And then she let fall a Shower of Tears) *Hippolito!* *And alone in your Company? For Heavens Sake, my Daughter, tell me how he came hither? and on what Design?* *Zarab* not knowing what to Answer or Reply, continued Mute, while *Jenifa* loaded *Hippolito* with a Thousand false Reproaches for his Unworthiness in undertaking such a Base Attempt. This was a well-manag'd Scene on the part of *Jenifa*, who had not so much as let her Daughter into the Secret, but fell upon her with that pretended Fury, that *Hippolito* interposed, and used all his Endeavours, left

left She should be ill Handled. He was sensibly touched to the Quick at this Outrage, and no Consideration of Life or Duty cou'd have prevented him from doing Violence to *Jenisa*, had not the Fear of losing *Zarab* prevail'd more upon him than her Resentment.

The Scuffle was no sooner over, but *Hippolito*, before the Mother's Presence, took *Zarab*, and embracing her tenderly, *Madam*, said he, *the Dangers you have gone through on my Account, and the cruel Assa*  
*lault you have now endured, will make me for the Future*  
*study your Repose and Satisfaction more than my own Love,*  
*tho' it is no easy Matter to be disengag'd from a Passion*  
*like mine.* This Declaration answered not *Jenisa's* Intentions so fully as she desired, for she was afraid this his Passion of warm Love wou'd dwindle into cold Friendship and Respect, but that *Zarab's* Reply reliev'd her doubtful Fears; *Sir*, said she, *I am satisfied you have a Value for me by the kindnes of your Expressions, and the Concern I observ'd you in at this Ren*  
*counter, but I can never have the Vanity to hope you can*  
*so easily quit your Passion for *Clelia* as to think of loving*  
*any other. But you shall find, *Madam*, answer'd *Hippolito*,*  
*that all the Passion I can have for her, will never binder the Tenders of Love I offer here; I will*  
*quit all my Pretensions to *Clelia*, that I may prevent*  
*all Dispute with a Person to whom I am so deeply*  
*oblig'd, that there can be nothing so dear to me but I*  
*will part with it for your Sake.*

At this *Jenisa* smil'd to perceive the good Effects of her Policy, while *Hippolito* made her a Thousand Oaths he would keep within the Bounds of that Respect and Discretion she might expect from the severest Virtue, and protested he desired only till to-Morrow that he might have an Hour's Discourse with *Clelia*. *Jenisa*, who knew too well the Fickleness

ness of Men, and all the seducing Arts the Women are Mistresses of, reproach'd him for such a Thought, while he requested it of *Zarab* with all the kindest Words and the most tender and passionate Expressions imaginable: *Zarab* answer'd, *She owed that Duty to her Mother, and that Virtue to herself, she wou'd not betray for the whole World; since he had profess'd such a Passion for her, and her Mother was now become a Witness of it, she did not know how she could part from her, without giving her such Satisfaction as Parents in those Cases expected.* I have Honour and Virtue too, said he, as you have, and the Precepts of 'em are perhaps as severe as yours; but Love is stronger than all the Precepts in the World.

This began to nettle *Jenisa*, who was not very well pleas'd to think of any thing that might delay their being immediately Married, and therefore she told *Hippolito* there was but one of these two Things that ought presently to be resolved on, either that *Clelia* be made privy to this Affair, and then he might easily guess what wou'd be the Consequence both as to himself and *Zarab*, or else to Marry her, which might preserve both his Honour and his Interest; for the King would be better satisfied to have his Rival Married, and then *Clelia*, said she, cou'd not Reproach you with a dishonourable Action. *Hippolito* was silent for a Time, as if he studied what to say, but *Jenisa* pressing him to declare what he would do, looking with a Melancholy Air, he told her with some Trouble, *Madam*, said he, *I am the most Unfortunate of Men, especially in Love; Zarab, added he fighing, the unkind Zarab, has not the least Tenderness for me, no, nor the least Pity for the Torments she sees me suffer for her; and unless you will be a little kinder to me I know not what will become of me: Let me but know what you desire of me, and what it is you'd have me do.*

*do. I wou'd have you resolve, said Jenisa, instantly to Marry Zarah; I have a Priest attends without, ready to perform the Ceremony.* This Proposal astonish'd him on the sudden so extremely, that having blush'd at it very much, he knew not what Answer to make, while *Jenisa* observing the Disorder he was in, went directly and fetch'd in the Priest, who without more Hesitation perform'd his Office, and pronounced them Man and Wife.

As soon as this was effected, to *Jenisa's* great Satisfaction, and *Zarab's* Desires, *Hippolito*, to both their Amazements, left the Room, and made a Thousand Reflections on his Ill Fortune that had drawn him into such a Fatal Snare; not but he was passionately pleas'd with *Zarab's* Beauty, and persuad'd some Considerable Greatness wou'd attend her, but the Consideration of being out-witted, and as it were forced into such a Compliance, grated upon him exceedingly, and seem'd to be the chief Thing that troubled him.

But *Zarab* finding him leave the Chamber so abruptly, and fearing lest what had then pass'd, might occasion *Hippolito* to do some rash Act, immediately followed him into the next Chamber, where finding him in a Passion, almost beyond the Power of Reason to manage, and enough to put him on the most desperate Enterprize, she fell at his Feet with all the Agonies of a despairing Lover; *Am I then despis'd already?* said she; and with Tears in her Eyes continued, *Do you insult o'er your Conquest, because it was so easily gain'd? You have already too cruelly wounded me, not to pity me a little.* More she would have said, but the Excess of her Passion stifled all her Endeavours to proceed, and she sunk down under the Conflict between her Love and Resentment. *Hippolito* snatch'd her from the Ground, rais'd her up into his Arms,

Arms, and claspt her round with all the Tenderness possible; for the Transports of his Love had banish'd the Extravagance of his Fury, and he melted into all the Softness of a happy Lover; It is beyond Imagination to conceive the Joy *Zarab* was, in at this sudden Change of *Hippolito*; and being about to return his Passion an equal Fire, after having given him some Looks that discover'd her Inclination, she had Time to say no more, than *Heaven and my Hippolito support me, for I'm ravish'd with Excess of Pleasure*; when *Clelia*, in a desperate Frenzy, occasion'd by what had happen'd that Night, enter'd the Room where these two Lovers seem'd so happy; but hearing of a Voice she knew, and *Hippolito's* Name, she had not Conduct enough to stay and observe them, but hasten'd forward, and rush'd upon them, when she was too well satisfy'd, 'twas *Zarab* and *Hippolito* she saw. *Ab, Treynor, cry'd she, is it possible, you shou'd be thus ungrateful? Have you the Confidence to make my own Lodging the Scene of your Villany? Could you find no other Way for Revenge, but to make me Witness of your Infidelity? Barbarous Man, continu'd she, Is this the Way you repay my former Services to you? Madam, said he (with a Coolness of Temper, and Presence of Mind peculiar to him,) 'tis fit you should bear us speak for our selves; and if you please, we will send for those who shall justify us, and you shall see how we will defend our selves. What a Rage, what a Fury did this put her in! Good Heavens! said she, to what will this Impudencie arise? At that she seiz'd the Sword he had on, not knowing which of the two to begin with first, being both equally perfidious; she thought at last *Zarab*, as most Criminal, was first to be sacrific'd to her Revenge; and just as she was going to stab her, *Hippolito* interposed, and receiv'd a slight Wound upon himself by staying of her Hand, when* she

she threw her self upon him, *Traytor*, said she, *this Blow was not reserv'd for thee, thou shalt not have the Power of being first reveng'd.*

At these Words, and the Bustle that was made, *Jenifa* and the Priest not being yet gone, enter'd into the Room: But, Heavens! what Confusion and a Trembling seiz'd *Clelia*, when she saw them! This was a Scene more shocking than what her Thoughts and Jealousies could ever have suggested to her: *Gods!* she cry'd, (with all the Rage and Fury that Despair could raise) *What mean these Apparitions here? Why that old Hag? And why that bawdy Priest? What, have you Robb'd me? And what have you done with my Hippolito?* And then she ran round the Room like a distracted Woman, seeking in every Place, but the Noife continuing, all the Servants awak'd, and came running in to their Lady's Assistance, supposing some Misfortune had happened; but when they saw *Hippolito* was there, they readily withdrew again, knowing the Disorders the Family had been sometimes subject to upon his Account; and he perceiving *Clelia's* Passion too violent to hearken to any thing he cou'd say at that Time, committed her to the Care of her Woman, and with the rest of the Company retired.

In a few Days this Action was nois'd all over the Court, and at last it came to the King's Ears, who seem'd to be pleas'd with the News that *Hippolito* was married, and that he now shou'd be quit of the Rival that had alienated from him the Affections of a Woman he loved the best in the World; for the King was no Stranger to *Clelia's* Unfaithfulness, notwithstanding he continued to doat on her Charms. Upon this he sent for *Hippolito* to Court, gave him Joy of his new Bride, and repeated Assurances of his continued Favour to him. This so much surpriz'd *Hippolito*,

lito, that he knew not whether to thank his Majesty for those Expressions of his Bounty, or no ; thinking it could not be real, but that *Clelia* had told the King all that had happen'd, and that this was done to mock him : But you may guess the Surprize was very agreeable to him, when the King continued in this good Humour, and told him, *He was sorry he was not so happy as to know the Lady that he had made his Choice, for she could not but chuse be very handsome, since be very well knew he had a good Taste in what was beautiful or agreeable.* He desired to see her, and reproach'd Hippolito very handsomely, in telling him not to be concern'd, if she was as fair as he believ'd her, for he would moderate his Desires, and not think of invading any Man's Property again, since Clelia had shown him what he had to expect from the most Charming of her Sex. This put Hippolito into some Concern, lest the King should tax him with his former Love to *Clelia* ; but instead of that, he being a Personage of admirable Wit and Pleasantry, began to be very facetious, and railly him, *What would become of Men and Women of Gallantry, says he, if when they engage in Kindness with one another, they should absolutely sell themselves, and not be allow'd to change when they grow weary, or have an Inclination for another : 'Tis a Natural Right to bestow our Affections where we please, and revoke them when we please : They are wretched who enjoy not that Liberty. And you know, Hippolito, continued the King, *I glory in those Maxims ; for if Clelia had not been of my Humour, I fancy I shou'd not have loved so well ; and perhaps I love her for nothing more, than that she loves Inconstancy.* I once endeavour'd to engage her to be false to me, insomuch that I told her one Day, *I dreamt I had seen her in your Arms, and it was not long ere I found it true : Now, Hippolito, wou'd you take it ill, the King shou'd do as much for you as you did then for him ? Yes, without Doubt, says he, Sir,*  
 for*

*for I did it not for that Purpose that you shou'd do as much for me.* Well, answers the King prophetically, if I do not, another may. This pleasant Dialogue was soon interrupted by one less entertaining; for *Clelia*, who had heard of *Hippolito*'s being there, who had free Admittance always to the King's Presence, enter'd very Majestically with that haughty Air, natural to her Temper when provok'd: And thus accosted the King: *Is it thus you love me, Sir, to entertain and countenance the Man that has abus'd me? And you, perfidious Traytor, lays she to *Hippolito*, how durst you approach your Royal Master you have injur'd?* 'Tis hard to represent the Astonishment, the Fear, and the Confusion of *Hippolito*, when he heard these Words, knowing how apt the King was to be seduc'd by this fair Flatterer: For pleasant as he was with Raillery before, he was forc'd to hear what was spoken; and without examining any farther into the Reason of *Clelia*'s Resentment, cries out to her, *You false one, without Honour or Truth, do you reproach me? Is this your Requital of the Obligation I laid upon you in making you what you are?* There was harsher Language in the Case, which I shall forbear repeating; however *Hippolito* came off with flying Colours, and left the King and *Clelia* to make up the Breach betwixt themselves.

*Jenifa* all this while was over-joy'd to think she had married her Daughter so well, considering all Circumstances; for *Hippolito* was a gallant Soldier, and one that had the Favour of the Court; for he had serv'd in the Armies of a Neighbouring Prince, who was famous for the best Generals and the best Troops then in the World, and he was look'd upon at that Time as one that was the likeliest to be prefer'd, whenever the Nation had Occasion to make Use of his Services that Way. However it was, he

increas'd his Esteem both with the King and Court, so that *Zarab* and he liv'd very great and splendid, and began to draw the Eyes of envious People upon them, who stood gazing with Admiration to behold their sudden Rise, and successful Proceedings, while *Hippolito* insensibly wound himself into the Favour of Duke *Albanio*, the King's Brother, and next Heir to the Crown; who was a warlike Prince, and gave Encouragement to all Gentlemen about Court, who had been bred in the Field, or had a *Genius* to Arms. For having been educated in his younger Years with Drums and Trumpets, though he was forced from their Noise at Home by a fatal Necessity of relinquishing his own Country, to embrace a long and tedious Exile, he had still a strong Inclination to War, as hoping to make a better Security, if ever he came to the Crown of *Albigion*, by the Use of Arms than his Father had done, who lost it thro' the ill Conduct of his Soldiers.

But now *Zarab* (for so I shall call her still) was introduced to attend upon the Princess *Albania*, who was the second Daughter of the Duke, and afterward became Queen of *Albigion*; by this Means she had the Opportunity of improving the Interest of *Hippolito* with *Albanio*'s Family, who were sure to succeed to the Crown; and likewise to ingratiate her self with the young Princess, who was then about the Age that Women settle their Affections upon those they like best, with the most lasting Impressions of Love and Friendship. About this Time it was said *Albania* discovered a secret Inclination to a Nobleman of the greatest Gallantry, Wit, and Address, about the Court: This Passion, *Albania* had stifled in her Breast sometime before she could meet with one to whom she durst commit an Amour of such Importance. But finding *Zarab* a Wo-

Woman every Way qualified for a Confident, by the Observation she had made, and the Account she gave of her own Life, and the Variety of Accidents that had attended her to that Time, she then made no Scruple to entrust her with the Narration of her Love to *Mulgarvius*, which to that Time had been a Secret to all the World besides.

But *Zarab*, whom Fortune had cut out purely for the Service of her own Interest, without any Regard to the strict Rules of Honour or Virtue, soon resolv'd within her self how she might make the best Advantage of this every Way, both to the Satisfaction of her Ambition, in having the Opportunity of communicating an Affair of this Consequence, both to the King and *Albanio*; and next, in gratifying her Pleasure with *Mulgarvius*, who was one she greatly admired, and whom she was glad she cou'd appear to be as his most particular Friend, when at the same Time she had taken Measures to frustrate any Success he cou'd pretend to gain by Means of those promising Hopes she design'd to flatter him with about *Albania*.

This was a treacherous Part, as was ever acted by a Woman fill'd with *Love* and *Ambition*; for tho' she was resolved to gain the *Last*, she was one who left no Stone unturn'd to secure to her self the *First*, which has always made her Life one continued Scene of *Politick Intrigue*.

No sooner was the Princess retired, but *Zarab*, fill'd with her intended Treachery, hastes away to the King's Apartments, where the first Person she met, was *Mulgarvius* then in waiting, who was very inquisitive what Affair had brought her at that time of Night to Court, and if he could serve her? *Zarab* was puzzled, and knew not which Way to dissemble.

semble her Infidelity, but at last, with a flattering Smile, answer'd: *You little think, my Lord, how much the Thoughts of you employ my Time. Don't mistake me; you are a happier Man than you think your self, the Princess loves you, ask no Questions now; I have Business with Albanio, and they say he is with the King.* She had no sooner done speaking, but the Duke came into the Gallery where they were; which *Zarab* perceiving, soon follow'd him, and desired to speak a Word in private with him, which as soon as he knew it was concerning his Daughter, he ordered her go along with him back again into the King's Closet. *Mulgarvius*, who saw this Interview, was very uneasy, and could not imagine what mighty Business *Zarab* could have to be Closeted at that Time of Night with the King and *Albanio*: In the mean time *Zarab* was busily employ'd to acquit her self handsomely to the King, lest he should suspect she was guilty of any Treachery. Sir, said she, with a feign'd Story in her Mouth, *the Princess her self does not know or suspect that I am privy to the Amour betwixt Mulgarvius and her, nor had I been capable of doing your Majesty this Piece of Service, by discovering an Affair that may be of so great Moment to the Royal Family in particular, or to the Nation in general, had I not accidentally met with Mulgarvius, as your Highness saw me;* said she, turning to *Albanio*.

*I must confess, continued she, I have lately observ'd the Princess very pensive and melancholy, but never cou'd obtain from her the Cause, which increas'd in me a Suspicion that she was in Love; but I must own I had never known with whom, had not Mulgarvius himself confess'd it to me.*

*What, said the King with a great Deal of Passion, wou'd Mulgarvius own that Albania lov'd him, or was it only that he lov'd the Princess? The last speaks him*

*what I always thought him, an ambitious Man; but the first declares him impudent, impolitick, and a Fool.*

This Heat of the King's put *Zarab* into a Trembling, knowing what a Falsity she had forged, she wou'd have given the World to have withdrawn; but the Duke, who was less passionate, and more thoughtful, increas'd her Fears upon her, by asking how *Mulgarvius* durst commit such a Secret to her, considering the little Intimacy that appear'd betwixt them Two, and the great Confidence the King and he had placed, both in her and *Hippolito*. This put *Zarab* to her Wits for an Excuse, which in this Confusion she must certainly have fail'd of, had not the King interrupted *Albanio* from taking her Answer by the Excess of his Rage. *Sir*, said he, turning to *Albanio*, *I cannot trifle with this Matter*; therefore *I lay my Commands upon you*, that *Mulgarvius* be instantly Banish'd the Court, and such farther Care be taken of the Princess as may put me out of all Fears and Jealousies of this Nature.

In this Disorder of the King and *Albanio*, *Zarab* found an Opportunity to retire, which she could not do without Fears in her Eyes, and the utmost Confusion in her Face, which *Mulgarvius* soon discover'd as she came out of the Closet, for he had waited all the time with the last Impatience, to guess at the Meaning of this close Cabal betwixt the King, the Duke, and *Zarab*. Having this Opportunity, he was resolved not to let it slip without knowing something of this Grand Affair before he let her go. *Madam*, said he, with all the Tenderness of a Lover, *I conjure you*, if you have any Honour, if you have any Pity or Compassion for a Man upon the Wrack of Despair, satisfy me in this Point only; *Was not I the Subject of your Discourse, when in the King's Closet? And have you not betray'd the Princess to her Father and the King?*

King? Answer me, I entreat you, for my boding Heart foretels me, it is true, Was it not barbarous and cruel to tell me, that the Princess lov'd me, when you design'd to ruin me? Could you not have kept that Secret from my Breast?

At this Rate he went on exclaiming against the Perverseness of his Stars, and reproaching *Zarab* so passionately, as if he had been rather her Lover, than *Albania*'s. She all the while, tho' she had been confounded with Vexation, listened to the Musick of his melting Numbers, and found her Breast soon warm'd with a relenting Pity for the Usage she had treated him with; nor was she able any longer to keep on the Mask which veil'd her Passion from *Mulgarvius*, but cry'd out as in the Extasy of Love, *You are undone, my Lord, and I have made my self unhappy!* At these Words she would have left him, but he used all Means possible to stay her: *For Heaven's sake, Madam, said he, tell me what you have done or said to my Prejudice or your own, that I may be able to vindicate my self if innocent, or sue for Mercy if guilty. You are guilty, answer'd she, for you love the Princess, and I am doubly guilty, for I have betray'd both her, my self, and you.* And with that she broke out of his Arms, and run down the Back-Stairs with much Violence; he was left in the greatest Surprise imaginable, not knowing what to think or do; sometimes he fancy'd one Thing, sometimes another; now he imagin'd this the Effect of some sudden Passion of Love in *Zarab's* Breast, and then again, he thought this might proceed from something that *Albania* had spoke against him to the King; and thus agitated betwixt Hope and Fear, he took as little Rest as we may suppose *Zarab* did, that Night.

Next Morning a Message from the King was sent him, in which he was forbid the Court till further

Orders : But, good God ! What Confusion was he in when he receiv'd it ? *Is it possible*, said he, *that any Person, much less that Zarab shou'd be so wicked, without any Reason or Provocation, to expose me to the King's Anger ? It is a Thing I cannot believe, I cannot penetrate into ; but 'tis a Thing I can never pardon.* Zarab, in the mean time being sensible, what she had done wou'd reflect upon her, without she found out some Way to divert the Storm, instanc'd Hippolito all that Night to go to the King next Day, and give him such an Account of the Matter, as might intirly alter his Measures against *Mulgarvius* ; for the King was easie to believe any Thing that might free himself from Trouble ; and therefore thank'd Hippolito for his Information, and was glad he had an Opportunity now of showing the Esteem he had for *Mulgarvius*, whom he caus'd to be call'd to Court again very suddenly : This created many Speculations Abroad, as well as at Court, to know what the Secret of the King's sudden Displeasure was against *Mulgarvius*, and his as suddenly being reinstated in the King's Favour again ; but at last it got Wind, and was publickly talk'd by every Body, that *Mulgarvius* had made Love to *Albania*, that she really approv'd of his Addresses, and that Zarab was confidant to the Amour, that the King had been inform'd of it, and that this was the Cause of his sudden Disgrace ; so that being made no Secret, it presently blew over, and there was an End of that Hurricane. But our Heroick Lover could never forget this Treachery of Zarab's all his Life after, though she courted him to her Favour by all the Arts and Endearments proper for a Woman now in her Rank and Station ; for she had always a double Plot upon him, the one was to oblige her self by his Conversation, and the next was to oblige him

by maintaining him in the good Graces of the Princess, whom he always believed had a Value for him ; and therefore notwithstanding he cou'd never heartily forgive her, he carried a fair Outside to her, to show that either his Politicks, or his good Manners, or both together, were able to surmount his Ill-Nature.

In a short Time after this, *Rollando* dies, and *Albanio* succeeds to the Crown, when *Hippolito* became one of the greatest *Favourites* of his Court ; and now thete was no longer need to make Use of *Mulgarvius* for any Designs they had in View ; but *Hippolito* and *Zarab*'s Interest were sufficient to obtain what they cou'd reasonably desire. The King first of all, as his future Merits show'd he deserv'd, advanc'd him to one of the *chief Commands* of his *Army*, and afterwards made him a Grandee of *Albigion*. *Zarab*, at the same Time, was not wanting to establish the Interest of her Family firm, as well as that of her own ; and though her Sister had good Assurances of all the Favours *Albanio*'s Queen cou'd bestow upon her, yet her Affistance was not wanting to make *Onelio* Vice-roy of *Iberia* ; and notwithstanding this had not all the Effects they expected from so great a Design, they made still sure Work against all Accidents that might happen hereafter, to engage the Princess *Albania*, who was certain, in her self or Post-erity, to succeed her Father ; so that they took two Strings to their Bow, and were resolv'd, when ever either of them broke, they would still have something to trust to.

But it was not long e'er *Zarab* her self grew jealous of some Powers at Court growing too great for her or the Princess either to master : She did not like the Queen taking upon her so much, and particularly her Intimacy with *Volpone*, who was her Crea-

Creature, and she saw the Queen had entirely gain'd him to her Lure, by some Arts she was sensible no ambitious or covetous Man could resist; therefore she presently rais'd a Misunderstanding betwixt *Albania* and the Queen, being continually near the Persons of both the one and the other; in which Controversy she influenc'd both *Hippolito* and *Volpone*, pretending there was a great Deal in it that concern'd the Good of the Nation, and the Succession of *Albania* to the Crown. Indeed there was such just Apprehensions of Danger as she spoke of; but they proceeded not from that Cause which she wanted to pique the Queen with, but from a private Grudge the Queen had against *Zarab*, whom she observ'd influenc'd *Albania* in all her Actions; and therefore she cou'd never have any Intimacy with her, but what immediately was communicated to *Zarab*, and so of Course came to *Hippolito* and *Volpone*, both of whom were always upon the Watch, lest the Queen, by her subtle Insinuations, should alienate the Affection of *Albania* from those private Friends of hers, and procure her other Acquaintance of her own Interest, which was necessary to perswade her into a good Opinion of the Queen, and the indulgent Fondness of the King her Father, who at the same Time were contriving to deprive her of her Hopes of Succession to the Crown, and only wanted to make her an Instrument in her own Ruin.

This Matter was long in Agitation, to bring *Albania* into the Interest of the King's Designs; but their Measures were always broke or interrupted by *Zarab*, *Hippolito*, or *Volpone*, who still counterplotted all the Stratagems laid by the Court, till they were let into the Secret, and rewarded liberally by the King for their wise Management of *Albania*, whom they were directed to keep in Ignorance from the great

great Designs they had in View. At this Time there was one *Solano*, a perfect *Machiavel*, and one who was secretly in the Interest of *Zarab*, but had not at that Time declar'd himself: this subtle Statesman the King employs, caresses, and in short opens to him all the Secrets of his Heart, so that nothing was done now without *Solano*, he govern'd the King as absolutely as *Zarab* did *Albania*; no Designs were set on Foot, but what he was first made privy to, and none were executed without his particular Direction. He was a Man of *Zarab's* Principles and *Volpone's* Politicks; and therefore had this Gentleman been subject to Revenge, having shown us what Wonders he was capable of performing, what might not his Enemies have expected from him? But as it was not sufficient for the Legislators of the *Greeks* only to understand Philosophy, but also to put it in Practice; so it was his Pleasure to profess the Precepts of the *Stoicks*, and particularly that of taming his Passions, before he wou'd sit at the Helm to prescribe Rules of Government.

The Obligations which *Albigion* owes to this Great Man, render her incapable of an Acknowledgment; and the Thanks they owe his Policy, are much greater than the Satisfaction they receive from it; though he made a bold Attempt to purchase the Benedictions of the Kingdom, and by the Productions of strange and unheard of *Revolutions*, to furnish the rest of the World with Matter both for Envy and Admiration; for without being any thing less than a *Barbarian*, no Man ought endeavour to blemish the Fame of his Politicks, who has made *Albigion* flourish so much in *Policy* as it has done of late.

But to proceed, *Solano* was the very Creature both of the King and Queen, so that all Foreign Princes made their Court to him, as they did afterwards

terwards to *Hippolito*. This uncommon Favourite of the King's, being so entirely Master of all the Transactions at the Council-Board, and every where else, and not making the least Court to *Albaina*, by which Means *Zarab* might pry into some of his mysterious Doings, perplex'd her very much, and she cou'd no longer bear the Torment of living ignorant amidst the Variety of *Cabals* that were then carry'd on without her Privity ; for *Volpone* and *Hippolito* were both ignorant of the Designs *Solano* was advancing, in which he acted with such refin'd Subtilty, that he made even the King himself a *Stalking-Horse* to his dexterous Treachery. *Zarab*, on the other Hand, perceiving to what a Height Things were carried, and how *Albaina* was now like to become no other than a *Pensioner* to that Crown she had Expectations to wear, resolves with all her Might and Power to thwart the Designs of *Solano*, which she by this promoted to the last Degree.

Away she hastes to *Albaina* with all the Speed Revenge and Jealousie could make in an enraged Woman : *Madam*, said she to the Princess, *Prepare to bear the dismal News I am obliged in Duty to tell you, that you are undone, and Solano has contriv'd your Ruin : I cannot doubt, but you must understand the fatal Consequence of what is now transacted by the King your Father, who has at last excluded you from all Hopes of the Crown of Albigion ; there never was so notorious a Thing done in the World, as is now advis'd by Solano. The King asks Counsel no more of *Salopius*, *Volpone*, or *Hippolito* ; therefore, *Madam*, for Heaven's sake, see the Queen no more ; I'll spread it Abroad, that she has insulted you since Prince Cambrio's Birth ; the Nation then will pity and protect you ; then leave the Court, give it out as if the King had slighted you, and fly to some popular Place for Safety ; the Court will be too much embarrass'd to take Notice*

Notice of your Journey, if it be true as 'tis reported, that Prince Aurantio is marching with an Army to oppose the King's Designs.

Zarah, answer'd the Princess, What Danger is there for me to fear, that I should fly the Court? Is not the King infinitely fond and kind to me? and has he not this Day ordered me Two Hundred Thousand Florins out of his Treasury? But, Madam, said Zarah, What is that to the depriving you of a Crown? Besides, It is dangerous to stay when the Nation appears in a Disposition to revolt and forsake your Father. And therefore, says Albania, would you have me forsake him, and become the first Rebel against my Father, to set Aurantio, my Brother, on the Throne; and so, lest I be thus depriv'd by my Father, run on headlong, and by this Means deprive my self? But why do you persuade me to forsake the King, since Hippolito is oblig'd both by his Command and Duty to attend him? And Gratitude should tie you closely to his Interest, since he always generously promoted yours.

I own, you have convinc'd me of my Duty and Allegiance, answer'd Zarah; but consider, Madam, the Zeal you have express'd for the Religion of your Country, which you must leave, without you leave the King. You know, Madam, continued she, I hate Aurantio, nor do I love the Princess; but 'tis for your sake alone that I advise this Counsel. I'll go instantly to Hippolito, Volpone, and Salopius, see to persuade 'em all to leave the King now, when he least expects it.

Can you prevail on them, think you, to act such base Ingratitude? Said Albania: And would you persuade your Husband to be a treacherous Villain to his Master, and a Traitor to his King? As for Volpone and Salopius, I always took 'em for Statesmen, Politicians, \_\_\_\_\_ and consequently\* \* \*; but for Hippolito, he is a Soldier, and should have more Honour than to betray his Prince.

Well, Madam, says Zarah, if you depend upon Ho-  
E nours,

nour, I hope you never expect to succeed to the Crown of Albigion.

Upon this they parted, and the next News that was heard, was, That *Hippolito* had forsaken the King, and sent him a Letter of Excuse, wherein it plainly appear'd he did not leave him for Interest or Honour, but purely as *Zarab* had told the Princess, out of a Principle of Religion. This soon was made publick, and became the Subject of Discourse and Admiration of all the Court: Every Body wonder'd to hear of *Hippolito*'s Defection; some thought it was only a Feint to try how the Army stood affected to the King, others supposed he had taken some private Disgust against *Duraceo* the General; but at last all the World was satisfied he had deserted his Master, and embrac'd the Interest of Prince *Aurantio*. Good Heavens! what Exclamations did the King's Friends make against him? the Army curs'd him, and every Body despis'd him, so that he was forc'd to retire a time, for fear of enraging the Populace, who, tho' they were imbitter'd against his Master, they could not forgive this Treachery of the Servant.

On the other Hand, *Zarab* was far enough out of the Reach of the Tumult, having with much Perswasion drawn *Albania* along with her. And now the Spirits of the People being on the Ferment, occasion'd partly by the Mismanagement of State-Affairs, directed by *Solano*, and partly by the Advance of *Aurantio*'s Army, flock'd in great Numbers to *Albania*, as another Affertor of their Liberty and Freedoms. *Zarab* all this time pleased her self to think how she had obtain'd her Ends, by ruining all the Designs of *Solano*; hearing every Day how he was Curs'd by the People, and what grievous Crimes were laid to his Charge; that the whole Turn of Affairs

Affairs that were prejudicial to the King, were laid at his Door : So that a great many good People there began to pity the King, and thought he had been too wretchedly abused by his Ministers, and particularly by those that appear'd at last to slight him ; but this touching too near upon *Zarab*, notwithstanding she could with Pleasure hear *Solano* reflected on, she thought it was high Time to interpose, and let the World know, how barbarous *Albanio* and his Queen had been to the whole Nation in general, and how unkind they had been in particular to *Albania* then amongst them. This succeeded as she could wish, for the whole Country expressed their Value and Esteem for the Princess, by paying her all the Honours and Respect due to her Birth and Character. In a little Time they heard *Albanio*, almost distracted with the Infidelity he met with among those in whom he most entirely confided, fled from the hasty Advances of *Aurantio*, after he had endeavour'd to consult *Solano*, without so much as suspecting him false ; or however, not in the least imagining, that he was the Person that had designedly betray'd him to *Aurantio*. But yet ere he could leave his Country, he was resolv'd to try *Hippolito* ; but as he was enquiring for him, a fatal Letter soon inform'd him he was miserable beyond Redemption. This Stroke left him no Room for Thought, but made him precipitate his Flight, and banish'd him *Albigion* for ever.

And now the Time was come when *Zarab* found a happy Opportunity of flattering *Albania*. *Madam*, says she with dissembled Tears, your Royal Father, Just as he was, and Kind to you, has been oblig'd to quit his Throne ; *Solano*, whom you suspected always, has been the Author of his Misfortunes. *Aurantio*, your hateful Brother, revels in his Palace at *Lodurkam*, and all the Peoples Voices Crown

him King. You ought not Zarab, says the Princefs, to refle&t, ſince you might have well foreſeen the Conſequenee that would enſue, when you adviſ'd me hitber. Madam, anſwer'd ſhe, I dream'd not that Aurantio would be King, or that Albano would be forc'd to fly, but only that he might be brought to Reaſon, and your just Right aſſerted to the Crown. During this Discouſe, a Meſſenger came in and told Albania, that Solano, who was ſuppoſed by every Body to have been the King's ſincereſt Friend, as he was his ſecret Counſellor, was the chief Inſtrument that betray'd him to Aurantio, with whom he was at preſent, and declar'd himſelf publickly in that Prince's Interēſt. At this Narration, Zarab, who was diſappointed in what ſhe had done to oppoſe Solano, fell into a violent Rage, and Curs'd her ſelf a Thouſand times. The Princefs surpriz'd at what had happen'd, and not being able to gueſs the Caufe, left the Room, and Zarab to her Paſſion, thus exclaiming againſt her own Miſmanagement; *Weak Woman, cry'd ſhe, and unfit for thoſe Designſ thou art ſurely Born for, that could not penetrate into Solano's Treachery. I might have known a Man like him, Bred up in all State-Craft, could never design what he pretended, or was ſo ſhallow as to make Pretensions of any thing that he design'd. Poor Fool, is it for this Hippolito betray'd his Benefactor? Is it for this Volpone has left his Royal Bubble? Is it for this I have Rul'd Albania? And is it for this at laſt I muſt repent? I hate my ſelf for ſuſh a Thought, but worſt of all, I hate Aurantio who occaſions it?* In this Way ſhe ſpent the remaining Part of the Day.

By this Time Aurantio had ſetled himſelf at Lodunum, and Albania was invited to the Court again, where Zarab had the daily Moiſtification to ſee her Rival, in Diſſimulation and State Po-  
liticks,

ticks, Flourish and Careß'd by the very Man she most abhor'd. She cou'd have kill'd her self for Spite; but finding that Disquietude was vain, she resolv'd to attempt whatever Statesmen she cou'd meet withal fit for a Competitor to *Solano*, to try if she cou'd Counterplot and Frustrate all the Designs laid by *Aurantio*; but still, to increase the Misfortunes of *Zarab*, and make more Work for her Intriguing Brain, *Aurantia*, Sister to *Albania*, was sent for to be Crown'd with the Prince her Husband, King and Queen of *Albigion*; this was a Stroke beyond the Reach of her Invention to have thought of, and now beyond the Power of her Malice to prevent, so that she imagin'd her self Miserable beyond Redress; but being of a Restless and Indefatigable Spirit, she was resolv'd never to sit still till she had eas'd her self of this Oppression, by satiating her Revenge, either on her Self or Enemies; to favour which Design the New King takes into his Council *Salopius*, a Man every way as well qualified as *Solano*; This gave new Life to *Zarab*, who knew *Salopius* was a Man of Wit and *Intrigue*; that he had formerly been very *Amorous* upon her, and that she thought such a Spark once kindlēd cou'd not be so soon extinguish'd, in one that she knew had a great deal of Love in him and very little \*\*\*. Besides, he still retain'd a Secret Kindness for *Albanio*, which she understood how to improve to the best Advantage.

It happen'd about this Time, there was a great Design on Foot to penetrate into *Picardia* by the Way of *Duneclesa*, a Place of vast Importance to the King of *Albigion*, as well upon the Account that he was at War with the Prince of that Country, as that he was a Friend to *Albanio* in the Recovery of his own Dominions; this Affair was carried on with

with great Secrecy, and no Body thought fit to be entrusted with it but *Salopius* and *Hippolito*, who by his Interest was introduced to *Aurantio* as a proper Person to execute the Design, or at least to advise with about it, by reason he was allow'd to be a good Soldier, and a Man of great Conduct. *Hippolito* was now reckon'd to be as firm in the Interest of *Aurantio*, as any Officer employ'd about his Person, and in his Service, and accordingly the whole Plan of the Design was communicated to him, with strict Instructions to divulge it to no Person Living, upon any Pretence whatsoever; but *Zarab*, who was always upon the Watch to take Advantage, observed Something a doing more than usual, by the daily Attendance of *Hippolito* at Court, and therefore having the Ascendant over him, was resolved; if possible, to penetrate into the Bottom of this Affair, and accordingly she laid a Train for him which succeeded, otherwise he had run the Risque of a Perpetual Noise in his Ears, which to free himself from, he was resolv'd to venture the Displeasure of his Prince, and the Forfeit of his Honour.

*Zarab* by this Means having gain'd her Point, away she hastes to *Salopius*, being assured she cou'd work upon him to give her the Opportunity of Transmitting this Account to *Onelia*, her Sister, at *Albanio*'s Court; she had no sooner met him, but with a Flattering Smile, *My Lord*, says she, *how glad am I to meet with a Person of your Merit, happily plac'd at the Helm of State, whereby you have the Opportunity of showing your large Acquirements to all the World, and your particular Friends?* Your Lordship has had always the Character of a Gallant Kind-natur'd Man; that I am sure you cannot think it Flattery in me who have made Tryal of it to tell you so. *Madam,*

Madam, answer'd he to Zarah, The only Way to convince me, is to try how far I wou'd extend that Good Nature you are pleas'd to Complement me with to your Service.

'Tis but a Trifle, says she, I wou'd ask of you; but I know 'tis contrary to the Trust reposed in you, to grant me a Conveyance of some little Domestick Occurrences to Onelia, my Sister at Albanio's Court; though I am confident, you cannot but retain some small Respect for the unhappy Prince, if you cou'd imagine without a Fault that I cou'd be guilty of giving any Intelligence to that Court I help'd to banish hence; but I know, my Lord, you are sensible my Interest is so firmly knit to Albania; and bers to the present Disposition of Affairs here, that it wou'd be impossible in me to have a Thought tending that Way.

Zarab pressing this Argument so very affectionately, gave Salopius Reason to suspect there was something more in her Request than he at first apprehended; he therefore made some Excuses to try her a little further; but finding she grew warmer in her Request, he was then confirm'd in his Suspicion, and was not a little glad to find one of her Management had undertaken to do something that he was unwilling, however she shou'd know it pleas'd him to have perform'd; upon this he consented to her Desires, and immediately dispatch'd her Intelligence, all the while being tickled with a Secret Pleasure to think he had discover'd this, without running the Hazard of letting her know it was agreeable to his Inclinations; for no Body knew her Character better than he; and he was resolved never to trust her with any Secret but what was indispensably necessary to the maintaining both her Honour and her Interest; for though she might be prevail'd with to sacrifice one to the Service of the other, yet she would never part with the last, without it was to

{ to gratify the noble Passion of *Revenge*; whis is the darling Vice of her Sex, and was not a Stranger to *Zarab's* Breast.

It was not long after this e'er *Aurantio* had Notice his well-laid Stratagem was Discover'd, he Betray'd; and his Expedition Frustrated; away he sends for *Salopius* and *Hippolito*, both whom persisted in their Innocence, and that they were ignorant of any Discovery that had been made by them; though at the same Time *Hippolito* cou'd not but be Conscious of what he had said, and *Salopius* of what he had done; *Aurantio* was gall'd at the very Soul to think such a great Design shou'd miscarry through Treachery; and he be thought so little a Statesman as not to know the Men better that he entrusted; never was a Prince so perplex'd with Ministers, nor knew he how to help himself, for still as he chang'd he was but in a worse Condition; sometimes he thought to please the Friends of *Albanio* by employing them, but they betray'd him; then he took the sworn Foes both of him and their Country, but they were true to nothing but their Interest. *Hippolito* was vex'd within himself to think what a strange Opinion the King wou'd entertain of him after such a Betraying of his Trust, and therefore went to *Zarab* with all the Passion of a Man justly provok'd to Anger; Madam, said he, *What Fury has posse'sd you, to seek my Ruin by your base Designs? Did you not study it to satisfy your foul Revenge when I forsook Albanio, and now you have contriv'd this to bring Disgrace upon me from Aurantio? 'Tis you have done it, no other cou'd, no other durst but you: Has not Aurantio advanc'd me to Honour as Albanio did? And will you bury it while fresh and green? Good Heavens! contain me that I act not some rash Deed to make us both for ever infamous.* With that he flung himself away, and left her to her own melancholy Reflections, which

which however prevail'd not upon her to alter her Disposition; but she curs'd her Ill Fortune which had reduced *Hippolito* to the Extremity of serving *Aurantio*, yet was mad to think he shou'd be taken for a Villain, though she was glad of the Cause that gave the Prince that Occasion, notwithstanding she had Betray'd him so basely: *Hippolito's* Anger was not the Thing which troubled her, but the Thoughts of his being no more employ'd by *Aurantio*, whereby she wou'd be depriv'd of the Opportunity of giving Intelligence; for she wou'd not but have done what she did for all the World; and therefore that she might be sure to know what was always in Agitation, she resolved, how contrary soever it might be to her present Inclinations, to strike up a Friendship with *Solano*, in order to which she had made an Appointment that Evening with *Aranio* his Friend, where *Love* as well as *Politicks* was to be the Subject of their Conference.

While *Salopius* being sensible of the Favour he had bestow'd on *Zarab* so lately; resolv'd she shou'd serve his Ends in a Proposal that included as much *Treachery* in it as that he had transacted; and therefore purpos'd immediately to go and see her that Night in Disguise. He had not Patience to stay long, but as soon as 'twas Night he went away in such a Disguise as prov'd like that *Aranio* was to come in, and being come to the Apartment, he found only an Old *Moor* at the Door, whom he sent to *Zarab* to tell her *a particular Friend of ber* — *Acquaintance desired to speak with ber in the Chamber of Repose*; he made Choice of this Chamber as the most proper for his Design; the Old *Moor* innocently told her, *there was a particular Friend of ber*, *Acquaintance desired to speak with ber in the Chamber of Repose*; *Zarab* hearing of this, made no Question at all but *Aranio* was the Man, and without farther enquiring what Kind of Man he was, or any other

Consideration, she goes to the Place of Assignation: Had she made the least Reflection on the Message, she could not have been deceiv'd, nor exposed her self so easily. It was not the Custom of her *Gallant* to use her thus, or to see her usually in this Chamber. But those who are in *Love*, as *Zarab* was, are subject to greater Oversight than these; she knew *Aranio* was not to see her till Late at Night, yet she apprehended nothing in this *Amorous Expectation*, which tantaliz'd her extremely, and kept her in a Mortal Inquietude; whether he came or came not, there needed no Help to hurry her away when the Time drew near. Women who have been in *Love* will easily confess there is nothing so hard as to be prudent on such Occasions; and that the *Name* of their *Lover*, when expected, has made them start up for Joy, and run to meet him, e'er they knew whether he were come, or no. The passionate *Zarab*, having given up her self to be led Blindfold where she thought *Love* waited for her, borrow'd Wings of that *God* to carry her the sooner into that Chamber where the *Moor* had first conducted *Salopius*; there was not any Light there, but this did not Surprize her, it not being usual to place any there when *Aranio* came. Our *Gallant*, who waited for her, took her by the Hand, and led her to the farther End of the Chamber, where he was so loth to lose Time for making Use of the Occasion, that embracing her with some Transport, he had almost put it out of her Power to defend her self. *Zarab* thinking this Action too violent to be *Aranio*'s, began to mistrust; and having given him his *Liberty* till then, she did the utmost in her Power to resist him. The Resistance she made after the Kindness she exprest at the first was observ'd by *Salopius*, and made him then sensible he was taken for some other; so that having

having no Hopes to succeed any other Ways, or at least not venturing to Fortune, without farther dallying he made his last Efforts, and rendered those of Zarab so useless that she lay at his Mercy. But it was not long e'er this Transported Lover had allay'd his Passion, when he wou'd have withdrawn without saying a Word: But the Lady, who was resolv'd to know who had been so bold with her Honour, held him fast, and refus'd to let him go till he discover'd himself, when *Salopius* spoke; *Madam*, said he, *I hope you don't regret this happy Moment I have had, tho' I own it equal to the Hazard of my Life and Honour which I ventured to oblige you.*

At these Words Zarab trembled, partly from the Confusion of what had happen'd, and partly from the Words that were spoken, fearing lest *Salopius* had made a Discovery of her Intelligence; however, she resolv'd to dissemble it a little further, that he might not think she understood him in his Hurry of her Spirit. *For God's Sake, whoe'er you are, answer'd she, don't continue to fright a helpless Woman, whom you have thus injur'd by Surprize!*

*I thought, Madam, said he, with all the Softness Love cou'd inspire him with, to sooth her up for the Violence he had offer'd; I am happier than e'er you design'd me, though I have ever been your Lover; I am now your Slave, your devoted Salopius; accept therefore, I beseech you, Madam, the Sacrifice I here make you.*

*Bless me! Cries Zarab, is this you, my Lord? And cou'd you find no other Way to wrest a Favour from me, but this unpresidented one?*

*Madam, answer'd he, if all the Passion Man can have for a Woman is not capable to justify the Crime I committed against you, you ought to pardon me at least, having suffer'd that for you which still fills my Soul with Grief and Confusion,*

on, tho' yet to serve you I will not spare the doing my self any Violence I am capable of; and if I have wrong'd you, I know how to punish my self for it; attempting to go.

I should be heartily sorry, said she, so extraordinary a Person as you shou'd part with an ill Opinion of me, and that I know not how to value your Friendship. Salapius, extreamly surpriz'd at this Answer, too full of Respect, cry'd out, I Love you, Madam, and Love you with a Passion as tender as it is lasting: And though I committed an Innocent Treason, it was the Power of your Charms provoked me to it. However, I am more in Love than any Man living, and what will become of me unless you pity me?

This Dialogue continued for some Time till Zarab recover'd her Surprise so far as to make Enquiries after what was doing afresh at Court; while Salapius was fond to discover to her all that was consulted; he told her the King resented the last Discovery so beinously, that he was resolv'd to oblige Albania to discard her, else to forfeit his Displeasure, and so incur the Danger of being thought a publick Enemy to the State, by countenancing one that had betray'd it.

This nettled Zarab so it disturbed all the Pleasure she could otherwise have taken in Salapius's Company at that time, since he was a Person so likely to be serviceable to her in her future Designs.

It was now the King sent Aurantia to her Sister on purpose to perswade her not to employ Zarab any further in her Service, and to give her the secret Reasons why.

But Zarab had so managed the Matter with Albania as to prepossess her with the Thoughts that her Sister was come on a private Message from the King to prevail with her to relinquish her future Title to Albion, or at least to do something that

that would be Prejudicial to her and her Posterity; and in order to that they design'd to engage her Highness to turn her out of her Service, upon some Pretensions or other she heard they had form'd against her, to facilitate their Designs. So that when the Queen was arrived at the Gates of *Albania*'s Palace, which was then in the Country, which she had chose on purpose to be retired from Court, she had a Message ready prepared for her, that *Albania* was not in a Disposition to receive Visits, tho' it was from the Queen her Sister. This you may be sure could not but afflict the good Queen, who was full of Love and Affection to *Albania*, being a Woman that was always compassionate, and shewed a tender Regard to all her Subjects. But the King, who was naturally Passionate in himself, tho' he govern'd it more than most Men were capable of doing in the Publick Administration of Affairs, yet he took such Notice of this Carriage to *Aurantia*, that he scarce forgot it all his Reign after. And since he cou'd not reach *Zarab*, whom he never thought Innocent, he shew'd visible Marks of his Resentment to *Albania*, and neglected *Hippolito* a long Time after. Tho' it was not so long e'er *Zarab* remember'd the King again, when he had laid a second Stratagem to penetrate into the Enemies Country by the Way of *Briescia*; but this succeeded worse than the First, and was so well known to the Enemy, that the whole Nation began to take Notice of it as a Miscarriage that redounded much to the Dishonour of *Aurantio*, who had more People about him, some said, than *Zarab*, that studied to confound all his Devices, and render him Odious to the People, who then began to Murmur grievously against his Reign; others there were that extoll'd those very Persons the Court thought Instrumental to

to all the Treacheries that happen'd to the Publick Councils of the Nation.

At last *Aurantio* saw there was no good to be done without employing those Persons who appear'd to thwart his Counsels; not but he saw at the same Time they were Persons fitly qualified for Publick Business, being Men of discerning Parts and quick Judgments; besides, *Salopius* began now to appear backward, and refuse every Thing the King would have put upon him, for he never suspected him at all, notwithstanding his *Treachery*, because he deceived him by his Indifference and Shiness to be employed, when his chief Reasons were he lov'd his *Pleasure* too much to serve any Prince, and he lov'd *Albanio* too much to serve *Aurantio* to any Purpose; another Thing was, *Solano*, who transacted all Affairs behind the Curtain, was now become as one Person by his strict Alliance with *Hippolito*, and therefore recommended him to the King's Favour, who saw in him every Thing he cou'd desire to his Designs, and therefore receiv'd him again, both into the Council and the Army; nor was it long e'er *Volpone*, who had likewise ally'd his Family to *Zarak's*, was employ'd in the most *Secret Councils*, so that she had no room left now to entertain Envy or Revenge; yet still she had not what she chiefly wanted, *Aurantio's* Absence; for tho' the Queen was gone, her Fears were greater still, lest any Accident should intervene to cross *Albania* of the Crown, for there was all her Hopes; and Fortune, which had pursued her close in every Adventure of her Life, resolving not to keep her long in Suspence, now made Way for all her Expectations to succeed, by the sudden Death of *Aurantio*, and *Albania's* Accession to the Throne of *Albigion*.

Now the whole Scene of Affairs was turn'd to *Zarak's* Will and Pleasure; she cou'd look no where round

round her without Tempting Objects of *Grandeour, Riches* and *Ambition*; every Thing that she saw flatter'd her, every Body made their Court to her, while the Formality of *Albania's* State hindred her of the Secret Pleasure *Zarab* enjoy'd among Crouds of *Fawning Courtiers*.

The Government of the Kingdom was in a manner in her Hands, and whoever expected Favours or Rewards, must apply themselves to *Zarab*, by whom all was granted, as the Pipe that convey'd the Royal Bounty to the Subject; past Ages have furnish'd us with Examples of this Nature, Posterity may see the like, but not equal to this; for it may be said, without Exaggerating upon the Subject too much, *Albania* took the Crown from her own Head to put it upon *Zarab's*.

This great *Rise* of hers, and her *Power* at Court, gain'd her the Title of *Queen Zarab* among Foreigners, who knew not the Constitution of *Albigion*, where it has been an usual Thing for Kings to uncrown themselves, and place it on their Favourites. This rais'd her many Enemies among the Ambitious *Grandees*, who envy'd her Greatness; yet she had a particular Way with her of Monopolizing all Perquisites to her self, that gain'd her more Hatred from the *Court-followers*; but the most considerable and dangerous Enemies she had were *Roffensis* and *Mulgarius*, the last of which retain'd still a Relish of her old Grudge to him.

*Statesmen* and *Favourites* of this kind are seldom known to agree, the *First* aiming at the good of the State, and the *Felicity* of their Monarch; the *Last* only striving to Enrich themselves, tho' upon the Ruin of their Country, are Opposites to one another; and so consequently when Favourites flourish, the State languishes, for Persons of their Characters being Rivals to one another, generally go cunningly to work, and so interrupt all other Business going forward but their own.

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These Persons, tho' they were all of great Spirits; they were too Prudent to declare open War against one another, and let the World see their blind Side, and who had the apparent Advantage over the other. *Albania*, on the other Hand, was very wise, and of a Peaceable Disposition; too Cautious as yet to Side with either to the Prejudice of the other; but having a Kindness for both *Roffensis* and *Mulgarvius*, and knowing *Zarab* had a Secret Distaste against them, as Persons that were only capable of Influencing her, she never gave *Zarab* the Encouragement of speaking anything to the Prejudice of either of them.

And now we must suppose *Hippolito* advanc'd to the highest Pinacle of Honour he was capable of having bestow'd upon him as a Subject; and indeed none cou'd be too great for his Services, considering all their Circumstances; he merited a just Esteem both from the Court and Country; every Body now admired the Queen, that she had confirm'd the wise Choice of *Aurantio*; for all the World spoke well of *Hippolito*, and Extoll'd his Gallantry, he was look'd upon abroad as if he had been Sovereign of *Albigion*, from which he had been sent; and the same Honours were paid him in the Army as they use to Crown'd Heads: Thus laden with Honours at Home, and Victory Abroad, he fought, he conquer'd, and triumph'd over all the Heroes of his Age: nor was he less in his Family than in himself: *Volpone*, his nearest Ally, was Absolute at Home as he was Abroad; under his Administration the Nation Flourish'd in Wealth and Riches. *Soldiers* turn'd *Usurers* in their Tents, and *Sailors* in their Cabins; the *Merchant* went no more Abroad for Gain, but Traded safer with the Government: The Queen sat easy in her Throne, nor felt the Weight that Crowns do give, and all the People wonder'd at the Tranquillity the Nation felt in these Blest Days of *Zarab* and *Volpone*'s Reign. But

But there is still one Obstacle to all their Flattering Felicities, for what Humane Happiness has yet been without a *But?* The *Ecclesiasticks* of *Albigion* were very Restless and Uneasie at this Title of Government, which like a Torrent threatened the Destruction of their Constitution, which, as all Wise Men of the Nation thought, was the Foundation of *Albigion's* Future Peace and Tranquillity; the *Priests* began now, as they had all the Reason in the World, to exclaim against the *Modern Invasions* of their Rights and Privileges from the *Pulpit*, and to admonish their Audience boldly to adhere to the Principles of Religion their Forefathers had taught them, and purchas'd for 'em as an Inheritance, at the Price of their Precious Blood; they were daring enough at all Times, and in all Places, even in their Publick Assemblies, to point out, as we may say in plain *English*, the Persons whom they saw were the Authors and Promoters of those Mischiefs that were then brought upon their Function, and daily like to increase, to the Prejudice of the *Present Establishment*.

This Management, which was thrown upon *Zarab* and *Volpone*, caus'd great Alterations in the Ministry, and no small Feuds among the People, whose Heats rose to that Degree they were ready to knock those on the Head who appear'd to vindicate the *Religion of the State*, which the others were endeavouring to laugh out of Countenance, and stigmatize all those that were its faithful Assertors, with Infamous *Nicknames*, to render them odious to the Populace; but this Hellish Stratagem so far fail'd of its design'd Success, that it produced quite contrary Effects, and those very Persons, whose Fame and Reputations they design'd to Ruin, became the *Darling Patriots* of all the Wise, Disinterested and Unprejudiced People of *Albigion*, and may in future Times become a Scourge to those Impolitick Statesmen,

Statesmen, who now envy them the Honour that they themselves have establish'd upon them throughout their Country; and it is not unlikely they may provc a Thorn in the Sides of those Men who thought to stab them to the Quick.

If *Mulgarvius* and *Roffensis* be thrown out of the *Ministry*, who knows but *Volpone* and *Fuimus* may be drawn into the *Mire*? *Obornius* was as great in the Days of *Rollando*, who lov'd him as tenderly as e'er *Albania* cou'd *Volpone*; but yet this Wife and Just Favourite Minister durst not be trusted by his Master through the Streets of *Lodunum*, for fear of the enrag'd Multitude; 'Tis a Happiness a *Statesman* knows not how sufficiently to value, *not to be Popular*; *Hippolito* has manag'd this beyond Example; he never made himself the *Peoples Idol*, and consequently the *People* could never make him their *Sacrifice*.

What though *Danterius* was made a Stalking-horse to the State? They were forc'd to part with him before they could catch the Game. *Volpone* was hunting for; and though the *Cambrian* be a Tamer Beast, he's but an *As* at best, whose Ears will scare the *Partridge* before they can drive them to their Nets; *Solano*, the Beardless Legate will return well fraught with long Experience, and then the State will have no further Use for *Make-shifts*.

But all this while these intricate Affairs of *Church* and *State* perplex'd the Good Queen *Zarab*; for tho' her Royal Mistress was still Living, and Reign'd Absolute Queen o'er all her Subjects Hearts, yet the Weight and Burden of the Government press'd heavy on *Zarab's* Shoulders, which she, like a Second *Atlas*, kindly sustain'd, without the least Return of Thanks from that Ungrateful Country of *Albigion*; that Country that could never speak well of her *Protectors* and *Deliverers*, but like an untam'd Horse,

was

was always apt to kick those that dar'd to Ride her.

Nothing griev'd *Zarab* like this ungovernable Spirit of the *Albiginois*, who wou'd not bear to think of being rid with a *Side Saddle*, having had their Backs gall'd so much before in the Female Reign of *Rolando*. But notwithstanding all these Difficulties, *Zarab* was resolved to mount on the *Stirrup* of *Hippolito*'s Fame and Conduct, and drive her Beasts forward by the Help of *Volpone*'s Rod ; for though it wou'd not *smart* as some other *Rods* do, it had a strange Faculty in it of Tickling such *Cattle* as were Froward into the most pleasant Gentle Paces imaginable ; by this Means she got on the Backs of the most Able Pads in the whole Kingdom of *Albigion*, some of which she rid to Death, and others she heartily Jaded.

There were two very serviceable *Black Nags* she would gladly have Rid, and used all the Gentle Means she could think of to manage, but they wou'd never submit to be Back'd ; they had been so long us'd to *Run* at their own Liberty, it was not in her Power ever to get 'em bridled with either *Curb* or *Snaffle* ; there was a Milk-white *Steed* that was thought wou'd have made one of the usefulest Beasts about the Court ; this she managed so dexterously as to be able to mount him ; but setting forward of a Journey where she design'd to ride him, he kick'd her Highness off at the Court-Gate, which so disgrac'd her, she never cou'd endure a White Horse since ; and some say it had such an Effect upon her, that she began to hate every Thing that was White, wou'd scarce bear Clean Linnen, and cou'd not endure *Lawn-Sleeves*.

A small Time after these little Disgraces which *Zarab* met with, the great Esteem *Mulgarvius* gain'd among the Patriots of *Albigion* did not a little perplex her ; for he had now both the Ear of *Albania*,

and the Affections of the People, and Nature had Merit both had furnish'd him with a Capacity fit for Authority ; and that which vex'd Zarab worst of all was, that they had given him so much Independency ; for had he been one that wou'd have suffered himself to be carried away by the Perswasions of Flattery, he wou'd easily become a Prey to her alluring Arts.

This was so insupportable to her, that she cou'd not rest till she had communicated her Resentments to Volpone, of continuing Mulgarvius still about the Court, to be an Eye-fore to her, and a Spy upon all her Actions. Volpone submissively told her all Things shou'd be according to her Mind in a short Time ; but as yet she ought to wait a few Days, saying, *That great Polititians* (such as himself undoubt-edly) *had found by Presidents, that Peace and Union preserves a State, that Love maintains it, that Ambition and Novelty destroys it, that Moderation banishes Hatred and Quarrels, that Swarvity suppresses Envy* ; besides, continued he, *amongst so many Illustrious Qualities as we have observed in Albania, I will not omit the Su-pream Virtue of Moderation, wherewith she favours her Friends, and even her very Enemies too, and which we both know by Experience she possesses in the biggest Measure* ; and *that her Irascible Part hath never been able to surmount it* ; wherein I take much more Notice of their Good Luck who have the Benefit of it, than of their own Deserts ; and of the Influences which come from her, than of the Subject which makes her lay aside Severity, and shew her self favourable and merciful, I mean her Clemency, whicb is the Judge of Vengeance and the Moderatrix of Power, where there is a Question of lessening the Punishments, whicb a Person of Authority may inflict upon such as are under her Obedience.

*This Virtue is a Gift of Piety, a Sweetness of Spirit ; for Clemency is of an Heroick Essence ; and the Defects*

on of that Active and Unbridled Passion, which oppugns it, and seems to check it, is the most wonderful Effect, that they who exercise this Virtue, are able to produce, and the Victory gotten over it is much more Glorious than that which is won by Force of Arms.

Here Zarab interrupted him, saying, Sir, you put me in Mind of an Act of this Virtue which she exercised some Days since at my Request in the behalf of — Therefore it was that I spake of it, answer'd Vulpone, because I was present when you begg'd that Person's Pardon, and when the Addresses of your Eloquence easily obtained what you desired of a Soul already dispos'd thereto by Virtue; and for this Cause it is I told you, Clemency favours as well Enemies as Friends; and that we must hold our selves Happy, when Fortune makes us meet with more necessary Motions to Pardon in them whom we Petition, than Merit in the Offenders; not but that your Discourse might have wrought the same Effect even upon Barbarians, because you took Albania upon a good Advantage; but that with another you wou'd not have succeeded so well.

Sir, said Zarab, I will only tell you for what Reason I undertook this Affair, which was Accidental, for finding him alone in the Anti-chamber, I began to discourse with him about the Cause of his Disgrace; whereupon I observed in him a great Moderation of Spirit, and much Serenity of Mind, and as he was going into the Council-Chamber, I took Occasion to speak more freely to him; upon which I undertook his Peace with Albania after this Manner; Madam, said I, it is a Humane Accident to have an Advantage over ones Enemies; but to Pardon when we Overcome is a Divine Virtue; whence it comes that we prefer Clemency before Rigour; Pardon him therefore, Madam, and if you will not grant it for his Sake who hath offended you, nor for mine who deserve not this Favour, yet do it for your own

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own Honour, which will be much more Glorious for you than to free your self from a weak Enemy: An Enemy! I stile him False; for I protest to you he has as many good Wishes for you as you can think of Ways to destroy him, and he hath already received Punishment sufficient from the Sense of his Fault, and from the Terror you have given him; break therefore the Neck of your Indignation, and by forbearing to Punish him, shew that your Hatred is not Immortal.



THE  
S E C R E T  
H I S T O R Y  
O F  
Queen ZARAH, &c.

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The SECOND PART.

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Albania had not been long set upon the Throne of her Ancestors, and as yet indeed it was not to be expected she should understand how to hold the Reins of Government steadily, but *Zarab* pluck'd the slack ones out of her Hand ; and tho' she left those of *Power* behind her, she made sure of all that were of *Profit*, knowing, like a skilful Polititian, they would at last produce whatever her Ambition could desire.

The Court having lain, for this small Space of Time, much in the same Condition that *Aurantio* left it, 'twas high time now to think of a *Remove*, in order to which *Zarab* cast her Eyes about to see what F——she could find to place nearest *Albania*'s Person, who at the same Time might secure and promote her own Interest. It happen'd at this Juncture *Devonius*, as Haughty and Noble a Peer as any was in *Albigion*, was then Principal *Staff-Officer* of the *Household*,

*Household*, and *Zarab* finding she could not easily displace him, was resolv'd to weary him out, by discountenancing all his Under Officers, or make him obey Her Commands, by placing such in them as she directed. One Day there happen'd a Vacancy, upon which Instance was immediately made to *Zarab* to supply it, for no Body presumed *Devonius* would be so bold as to assert his own Right, when it was contrary to *Zarab's* Will and Pleasure ; but this Consideration did not in the least affect our Gallant Peer, who was so hardy as to enter himself into the Lists with this powerful Enemy.

*Zarab* took upon her the Nomination, and sent away her Officer without Ceremony to be confirm'd by *Devonius* ; but to her great Mortification, and contrary to the least of her Expectations, he sent her a huffing Message back again, nor fail'd that Minute to second it himself, by waiting on her with an Air of Grandeur equal, if not superior, to her own ; *Madam*, said he, *Are you Queen of Albigian ? Or am I Lord Steward of the Household ? If you are the first, take this Staff ? If I am the last, I only do my Duty by this Justification, and you have done more than yours to be the Occasion of it.* She was startled at this, it being the first Rub she had met withal since she fancy'd her self Absolute Mistress of the Court.

We need not doubt but this Usage made *Zarab* cautious how such Men of Spirit as *Devonius*, were employ'd again in any considerable Posts that might interfere with her Government ; therefore she pitch'd upon *Canutius* as a proper Person for her Turn, and one who would make himself easier under her Administration : Accordingly he had a Staff, and was made the next Great Officer in the Court to *Devonius* : I don't say it was given him,

For

For *Canutius* happening once to be at Play with *Zarab*, he lost more than a Talent of Gold to her: not at *Cards or Dice*, which were not known in thole Days, but at a certain Game they call in *Albigion* *Loose-all*. And this Lady, who was always fam'd for Gratitude, finding she had so great an Obligation laid upon her, and he the only Person in the World she desir'd should enjoy that Place, without further Delay put him in Possession of it, which some malicious People said he purchas'd at too dear a Rate: But however it was said, he was gratify'd, and *Zarab* pleas'd she had got a *Gamester* that understand *Loose-all* so well.

The People of *Albigion*, which is a Country full of Ill-nature, made strange Constructions of this Affair; some talked very loosely of *Zarab*, others reproached *Albania*, the best Woman in the World, for giving such Liberties to a Subject as Sovereigns themselves have been chek'd for. But all the World agreed she was impos'd on by the subtle Insinuations and Devices of *Zarab*; who got such an Ascendant over her in her Youth, she could never shake off all her Life after: But let the Matter be as it would, *Albania* was never free from her Influence, no more than she was from her Person, for she stuck to her like a Burr to a Garment.

The chief Reason indeed why there was no Thoughts at this Time of Day of freeing the C—t from this H—L—b, which suck'd the L—s B—d of the Nation; tho' there was an Able Ministry then chose, was because *Hippolito* was the Man pitched on, as the most fitting to serve his Country in that Station in which he was employ'd, and which requir'd one of a double Capacity, which he was happy in, to wit, that of a good Statesman and a good Soldier. This made it necessary for *Albania* to give

H . . . . . him

him all the Encouragement imaginable, and bestow upon him all those Honours his Merits might justly claim. While *Albigion* was equally pleas'd, both with her Choice and the Dispensations of her Favours, but at the same time, could not forbear to reflect, that *Zarab* had done nothing for the Publick Service that could deserve such distinguishing Marks of her Sovereign's Bounty, as were fit to make her equal to her Q——n, and had already given her that Title in the Mouths of all her Subjects; many of which had felt the Resentments of her Anger keen as that of Regal Power.

Among the rest, there is this particular Instance: As she was passing through the Streets of *Lodunum*, where she often went to Traffick with the Merchants, and where the Traders would tremble when they saw her at their Shops, ever since the Story that they had amongst them of her Cunning Way of purchasing of *Velvets*; through these Streets as she was passing in her Chair, an Unfortunate *Aga* met her passing by without Ceremony, his Cymeter broke the Glass, for which his Commission paid in a few Days; for her Imperial Highness discovering his Name by her Servants when he waited at *Hippolito's Levee*, without concealing her Anger, or the Cause of the *Aga's* Disgrace, got him absolutely *Casbier'd* from the Army, not suffering him to be heard, or his Friends to make Intercession for him.

This, as we may easily believe, provoked the *Aga* to write the following Letter to *Zarab*, which he caus'd to be dropt in a Publick *Coffee-House*, and was read thus; Madam, *How great a Shame is it for Albigion to see Albania, the Mother of her Country, a Princess who loves Goodness, and the Repose of her Subjects, sacrific'd to the Ambition of a ——, who renders her the weakest of all Women. The Generous Hippolito*

politico bias too much Honour to espouse your Actions, Albaniæ too much Justice to pardon your Crimes, Albion too much Power to bear your Usurpations, and I too much Wrong to forgive the Injury.

This made a terrible Noise throughout *Lodunum*, and every Body pity'd the poor *Aga*, who was made a Sacrifice to her Indignation: And the whole *Soldiery* were so concern'd, it made the Young *Rakes* think coolly in an Evening, lest by getting Drunk, they should stumble against *Zarab*'s Chair, and instead of breaking her Glasses, be broke themselves. Some of them were so dis-spirited at the Narration of the *Aga*'s Fate, they would tremble at the Name, and as soon face the Mouth of a Cannon, as a Chair in the open Streets.

But these things did not at all affect the good Fortune of *Zarab*, which pour'd in upon her like a Deluge, and had been enough to have swept away the most Politick *Favourite*, had not *Albaniæ*, like a Rock, screen'd her from the Insults of tempestuous Waves, which began to roul upon her apace from the opposite Shore. *Danterius* and *Roffensis* succeeded well in their Councils at Home, and *Ormondo* was successful abroad. *Hippolito* in the mean time had done little in the Field; so that *Zarab* had nothing to boast of, whereon to ground a Reason for her *Usurpations* over her Fellow Subjects. *M*—— upon this began to make her very uneasy, which soon put her upon the Methods of finding out a Way to make him silent, by less Attendance on the Court. So that Councils were held without *M*—— being call'd, and Business done without his Secrecy.

This being observ'd by *Danterius* who was much valued by all Men for his wise Counsels, soon sour'd his Temper from the Publick Busines, for he found he was going to be made a Tool to *Fuimus*, *S:lane*,

*Devonius*, and the rest of *Volpone*'s Statesmen, to whom now he could reckon himself no better than an *Under-Secretary*. This gaul'd him to the Heart to think of, considering the Services he had done, and the Slights he had receiv'd from Court by Means, as it was suppos'd, of *Zarab*, who monopoliz'd all Favours to her self and Family.

*Roffensis*, *Danterius*, and *M*——, perceived now amongst themselves, they could no longer serve *Albigion*, since *Albania* was resolved to enter into other Counsels; and it seem'd plain to them no Body could continue in the Service of *Albania*, that were not first resolved to do Homage to Queen *Zarab*; she would admit of no Rival in C——t or C——l; and it is well known *Volpone* pay'd more Court to *Zarab*'s *Couchee* than *Albania*'s *Levee*.

For about this Time, *Somerius*, a very great Officer in the Court, having Busines of Importance with *Volpone*, and seeing him go towards *Zarab*'s Lodgings after Council was over, depended upon it he should find him there. Now *Somerius* was one of those who never made it his Study to know how to Cog, Flatter, and Prevaricate, and who never was of Opinion, that the Chief Virtue of the Court consisted in knowing how to *Lie* well, but rather valued himself upon having a good Stock of *Freedom* and *Plainness*. *Volpone*, on the other hand, was a Man who knew perfectly how to wear two Faces under one Head, that was to F——ge, Flatter and Dissemble, and never speak as he thought: And this he did for certain Reasons and Maxims, which he would have perswaded *Albigion* to believe were void of all Design and Artifice, and managed with such *Temper* and *Moderation*, that the least Inconstancy or Levity might not appear in them.

As soon as Somerius had dispatched his Affairs with *Albania*, he hastes with all Speed to Zarab's Apartment, and enquires for *Volpone*; the Old Moor, who generally attended there, and having his Instructions, denied he had been there that Evening; but told him, he believed he might find his Lordship there another time. Yes, answer'd Somerius angrily and aloud, that the whole Gallery might hear him; *I believe so too, I may find Volpone here, if I come early enough, and in with Zarab.* The Moor was Thunder-struck at these Words, proceeding from so great a Man, and having so many People then in the Gallery, therefore, without any further Reply, clapt the Door on his Grace, and withdrew into the Lodgings.

This did not a little provoke Somerius, who was Haughty, tho' he was *Volpone's* Creature in other Respects; therefore he turn'd from the Door with Anger in his Countenance, and Resentment in his Breast, and the first Person he met, which happen'd to be *Lunarius*, who had formerly been a Rakish P — r, and whom he entertains with this Discourse; after having told him how he had been us'd; *My Lord, said lie, Few Persons follow the Court without engaging themselves in the Service, either of the Prince, or of some Chief Minister, to make their Fortune: A Friend of ours, who bath fix'd himself in a good One, made Use of a great deal of Art and Industry, agreeable to a Proverb known and us'd in Courtship, that is, to win the Maid before the Mistress, hereby to facilitate his Design, as well knowing that to be the only Way; in order to which he set all his Craft on Work to gain the Maid, that by her he might find out her Mistress's Humour, and consequently, to discern her Inclinations, without taking Notice of the Greatness of her Pomp and Condition, or having that due Regard to the Interest of her Kingdoms.*

In fine, by this Course of his, he came so perfectly to understand her, and please her, by complying with her in whatsoever he saw acceptable to her, that he very easily grew to obtain of her whatsoever he woudl, and to settle his Fortune so advantageously as he had done; in order to which, the close Interest which he made, and the Friendship which he procured with her Cr—— and D——k, was the main Spoke in the Wheel of his Fortune, and of the most considerable Use and Assistance to him.

I know who you mean, answer'd Lunarius; and it must be very troublesome, said he, for a Person of his Condition, who is so much courted himself, to submit to the Service of a ——, whom he must be more careful to please, than to please the Queen herself; and there is no doubt, continued he, but he who undertakes such Kind of Service, finds at first a great many Difficulties in his Way, because he never moves but by a second Motion, in respect of his Duty to one, and Obedience to another: But Pains and Troubles grow easie by Custom, whereas otherwise they are odious and burthensome; and some Men, rather than they will use themselves to 'em, are content to lose what others gain, by undergoing them, tho' they are Matters both of Honour and Advantage, since by Humility and Affiduity we vanquish the greatest Difficulties; but every Body cannot follow the Court, and maintain himself in the Service a W——, and a Courtier; every Body cannot yield such entire Obedience to a State P——te, and make a Thousand Congees and Gringes for a favourable Nod, or a good Look.

Tonnario, no Enemy to Volpone and Zarah, and a Friend in the Interest with those Lords then discoursing, standing near, and hearing great Part of what had been said, join'd Company with them, and spoke thus: *My Lords, If I may have the Liberty to give my Opinion of the Affair you seem to take Notice of betwixt Volpone and Zarah; that Lady bath never much.*

much troubled her self at what either the Court or the Town bath said concerning her frequent meeting early and late with Volpone, since they are so nearly ally'd. Two some Enemies and some Ill-natur'd People, censure her Guilty of a great deal of Im —, for showing so little Shame at it; yet the most Religious and moderate Sort of People are perwoaded to the contrary, and the most clearfighted Eyes turn it to her Advantage, that her Constaney and Perseverance in the Matter are the Justification of her Innocence; and that good Intentions never make any Account at all of the Noise rais'd from Detraction: Guilt is never without a Character, we may read it in the Criminals Faces; it will appear in their very Eyes, and express that the Contempt of Virtue bath caused an Insurrection of the Passions.

Now if these Two Persons, continued he, who are allow'd to have great Spirits, had neither Shame or Fear express'd upon their Faces, how wou'd it be possible for a Woman, whose Sex is no less basful than weak, to have the Confidence to appear at Court, and show her Face, after having blemish'd her Honour, and especially it being Publish'd?

As there are different Lovers, so there are different Loves: And tho' that Sympathy which in all Likelihood is between them, upon the Account of their Resemblance to each other in Politicks, may have frequent Privacies, and those frequent Privacies some little Kindness, yet I believe says he, neither of their Desires have transcended the Bounds of an agreeable Conversation. He would have gone on, but the Lateness of the Night prevented him, the Company breaking up, and leaving the Court.

However, the Subject of this Debate was talk'd about Publickly the next Morning, insomuch that Arario fought a certain Young Lord for spreading the Report; but being happily prevented from doing further

ther Mischief, they enter'd into a Discourse of irresistible Lovc. Love, says Aranio, is a Torch whicb kindles another, and Burns not long alone, and without help; the Experience I have had in this Lady is certain. I have ever observ'd in that adorable Person a Spark of the Fire of Love, whicb wou'd have been extinguishb'd if I had not stirr'd it up. And tho' Men perswaded me it was as easie to disentangle one's self from Love, as it was to break with a Friend, when one had a Mind to it, yet have I found all these Rules untrue in my self, and that they have nothing in them but vain Imaginations. As for the distinction of a Lover from a Friend, I have likewise had the same Motions with those who were of Opinion they might spur on my Hopes to the Achievement of my Desires; and as for the Facility of forsaking her, tho' another's, Alas! I have not found a Possibility yet to effect it, after having put in Practice all the severe Lessons I cou'd think of to punish my self.

I have tried all tbings in vain, as flattered by the Opinion that she had yet a Heaven of Love left, whicb I might Cultivate: Hereby you may judge of the Effects of Love, and the Power of Interest; and that the Chains of such as adore them are too strong to be broken. I shou'd not reckon on my self Guilty of Impiety, says he, if I say, that Love whicb we bear to Women deprives us of the Use of our Free-will, and bath a kind of Tyrannical Influence upon our Liberty. I have ever observ'd this Truth amongst Lovers, when I have read in Histories how many have died for their Mistresses; and how a violent Passion of Loves, slightis all kind of Danger and Considerations whatso-ever, and I had sufficient Experience of this Power in my self, when I fought rather for the Interests of her whom I worshipp'd, than for my Friend, whose Honour was much more concern'd.

And yet it is very true, said the young Lord, that Duels whicb are fought upon such slight Grounds have seldom

don't any good Issue. For Cupid, who is but a Boy, is apt to be pettish without Cause, and comes often home by Weeping-craft, when he plays with Bellona; whereas, on the other Side, if the Justice of a Cause preſide, the Event proves as favourable as can be desired.

Aranio was going to have reply'd, when Volpone having heard of the Bustle, ſent for him in great hafte, and calling him into the Closet to ſtop the Fury of his hot and giddy Spirit, and to instruct him how to be have himſelf in these Affairs, he ſaid thus to him;

*The Love I bear to your Family, obliges me to give you a ſevere Reprimand; for it is not the Way to get Reputation and Esteem to be found Quarrelling, and engag'd in a Duel. It is true, that of all the Parts which compose a true Man of Honour, Boldneſs is the moſt remarkable, and Valour the moſt neceſſary; ſince without theſe two Quaſtities a Man who pretends to Bravery cannot be valued, nor ſo much as aſpire to it; for the former ſets him forth, and makes him conſiderable both in Company and at Court, the latter giues him good Success in War and Duels; but with this Proviſo ſtill, that theſe fine Accompliſhments be attended with Moderation and Judgment, which are the Produc‐tions of the Understanding, and the Beauty of the Soul. For Valour, which is an impetuous Heat, that for our Satisfaction throws us upon Dangers, is hurtful to a Man, unleſs he deliberately thinks before he executes. So that to fight; as you have done to Day with a young Lord, upon little or no Ground, and for a ſlight and frivoſous Occaſion, exposes your Honour to every idle Blast of Fame, and your Interest to the Hazard of a foolish Vanity.*

Here Aranio had not Patience to let him proceed, but interrupted him thus;

*Good Heavens! My Lord, ſaid he, do you call your being in —— with Zarah a ſlight and frivoſous Occaſion? And had I little or no Ground to Quarrel when you was tax'd with In —— t and A —— y? If I err'd to Day, I*

am sure your Lordship err'd last Night. These last Words had like to have ruin'd his Lordship's Pretensions to Moderation, for he was forced to summons all his Conduct and his Reason to support himself, nor were they able to calm the impetuous Stream of Blood that boyld into his Face, but in Spight of all his Temper, he discover'd his Confusion, which made Hippolito retire with some Pleasure, after his former Mortification, and cou'd not forbear now reflecting that he was Criminal, in engaging for one, who instead of returning his Gratitude, went to read a Lecture to him, that when it came to his own Turn, he was not able to practise one Lesson of.

Tho' this Matter blew like a Whirlwind about, it was as soon over, and Hippolito's Return from a glorious Campaign put an End to every malicious Tongue, that wou'd now and then talk unluckily of Zarab: For as Hippolito's Health was observ'd to be oftner drank, even than *Albania*'s, Zarab's was what the *Albiginois* in general wou'd never once so much as attempt to offer in Publick for fear of Affronts; for as every Body were lavish of their Scandal against her, so every Body were as cautious of praising her; for it was scarce possible to come into Company, where the Fame of her notorious Actions were not trumpeted. For if P—n—s were withdrawn from the poor Widows of S—n, they were charitably design'd to be bestow'd on poor Workmens Widows, that shou'd suffer by B—ing for her H—s. Not wanted she a *Salvo* to save, *Albania*'s Charity extending beyond the Provision for her own Family. If a hundred Pound was given to poor Petitioners, her H—s very well deserv'd Fourscore for the procuring it.

Nor are these great Perquisites bestow'd, as some malicious People wou'd suggest, for Private, but for Publick Ends; *Albigion* cou'd not be blest with *Peace* and

and *Moderation* at so cheap a Rate as the Price of a few dirty Acres are able to purchase: no, no, there's more in it than a few dull-sighted People were able to see through: And the vast Sums of Money some fancy *Zarab* hoarded up, were all liberally dispens'd for publick Uses; nor did *Volpone* fail to join with the pious Work, by assisting her Highness in this great Design of uniting all the Hearts of Her Majesties Liege People, when Pensions and Commissions were bestow'd *Gratis*, for the Promotion of Peace and Unity, and Ecclesiastical Dignities given to quarrelsome D—rs on purpose to keep peaceable C—m—n quiet.

How many thousand Pounds were remitted yearly for the private Services out of *Zarab*'s E—r and *Volpone*'s T—ry? And all this to support the Interest of *Albigion*, by keeping in such a just Ministry, as knew how to lay out Her Majesties Revenues to the best Advantage: Not such as wou'd cautiously save our Money, which hang it was not worth our keeping, and let *Zarab* and *Volpone* H—g or Dr—n, they care not which, so it be but either. These are such Ministers as the *Albigions* doat on; for they are a covetous People, and wou'd save their Money, tho' a thousand such excellent State Tools shou'd swing for it. And therefore they say *Obornius* and *Roffensis* were great Patriots, because they lov'd their Countries Money; and had more Regard to a Farm in *Albigion*, than to a Kingdom in *Utopia*. But we find Crowns are not purchas'd at such easie Rates; for *Albigion* has paid more for a Title than some Kingdoms are worth.

And tho' *Zarab* Reign'd without a Kingdom, she was a happy Queen, because she liv'd in Luxury and at Ease, without her Subjects Assistance, and in spite of their Teeth: She taxed them not, yet they pay'd her *Revenues* against their Wills; she was the Mirror of her Sex, and the *Phænix* of a Queen, for there never was one like her, nor ever will be.

But now we must meet her, paying her Deyours to *Albania*, who is preparing to pass through *Lodunum* for Joy of *Hippolito*'s great Success: Nor wanted *Zarab* an Opportunity to catch the Praises of the gaping Throng, without *Albania* and *Hippolito*; she fails not to prepare her self, and beautiful *Solana* her Daughter to attend her Majesty in this Proceession. For Vanity and Ambition were two Things she would not miss, if to be had. And she would be surē never to give *Albania* the Opportunity of gratifying any body's Ambition besides her own, nor let the People doubt who had the best Pretensions to *Albania*'s Favours, but that she claim'd all as her undisputed Right.

There was no Body came near the Court, with the Vanity to think of being her Rival, but rather the utmost of their Ambition was to be her Creature; or however, to obtain so much Favour that she might not be their Enemy. This render'd her very happy and great, that she had nothing to fear, and scarce any thing more to hope for, but to revenge her self of her Enemies, which were too numerous to give her the least Encouragement of any Prospect that Way. However, she was resolv'd not to die without making some Attempts, and accordingly as she succeeded in these, to go on.

The first that was to be made sensible of her Resentment was *M* —, who had beforehand made himself indifferent to all that *Zarab* or the Court cou'd pretend to offer or *Tantalize* him withal; But they, being ignorant of his Resolution, were resolved to devise somthing that might be offer'd him very great, yet very unsuitable to him, so that he cou'd not in Honour accept of it, or refuse it in Disdain; accordingly *Volpone* was to wait on him with, as they thought, an unexpected Message; which was, that *Albania*, out of her Esteem for him, and the Sense she had of his great

great Abilities, was resolv'd to confer upon him the greatest Dignity he cou'd enjoy in the Kingdom of Albigion, and was resolv'd to free him from the Burden of that smaller Office he now enjoy'd, by conferring it on another less deserving. But *M* — with a great deal of Wit peculiar to him, answer'd *Volpone* to his great Mortification, that he thank'd her Majesty for her Superabundant Favo'rs; and as to her great — be thank'd God he was bred a Gentleman, and had not his Fortune to make, but wou'd willingly wait till the Patriarchal Dignity shou'd fall, for which he thought himself as fitly qualified; if *Albania* wou'd be pleas'd to bestow that on him, he shou'd return his Thanks; in the mean Time he wou'd lay both his present Office and himself at her Feet, but did not think it proper to return it by the Messenger.

This nettled *Volpone*, who had the intended Affront he brought return'd upon himself; and the Relation of *M* —, his bantering them with their kind Present, sent *Zarab* twenty Miles out of Town, where the Bells of St. *Albania* rung such a Peal in her Ears, she wish'd her self deaf whenever she came there as long as she liv'd after; but this was but a Prelude to what succeeded in a little Time.

The next Person she discarded was an *old Patriot*, and an *old Courtier*; one that cou'd bite too as well as snarl upon Occasion; and the Loss of his *Staff*, tho' he was aged, did not so far disable him, but he might live to help a lame Dog over the Stile yet. He was formerly *Hippolito*'s Friend, and no Enemy to *Volpone*, but *Albigion* now was the Care of his grey Hairs; and *Zarab*'s Anger cou'd not provoke him to leave his Country to her Conduct, or his *Sheepfolds* to the Care of her *Shepherd*. He was grown too Powerful for the *Wolves*, and too Politick for the Devices of the *Fox*. The *Cambrian* was fitter for his Office, for he cou'd fawn like a true C—t D—g, and lick the Feet of his M—s.

But

But now Zarab's Thoughts were busily employ'd how to manage Affairs against the next great Sitting of the States of *Albigion*, for the present M — rs were very resty, tho' to her great Satisfaction their Time was short; however, they perplexed her with what they did, and she cou'd not rest quietly, till *Albazzia* had sent them into the Country like a Parcel of ill-manner'd B — s, that had no more Respect for Zarab, when she came in Competition with their Country's Interest, than if she had been nothing but the Daughter of *Texisa*: Therefore she was glad when she saw their Backs turn'd, and an Opportunity was given her to revenge her self upon some of them who had been very *Malapert* to her, when they suppos'd the Power was lodg'd in their Hands. So that she was resolv'd now, not only to make them sensible who' it was they were to obey, but for the future to secure herself under the Protection of a *Shade* of her own raising.

Therefore she sent *Circular Letters* with secret Instructions to all those Petty States and Provinces, who sent R — s to *Lodunum*, to debate about the Grand Affairs of *Albigion*, that they shou'd E — t no D — , but such and such as were by her H — fs nominated and appointed, as fit to answer the great Ends for which they were design'd, under the Penalties of her Displeasure, and Forfeiture of her future Favours. Immediately upon these Intimations several States and P — under her H — Direction made their Acknowledgments in very submissive Terms, and acquainted her they wou'd incontinently obey her Instructions, and thought themselves in Duty bound to thank her for the great Care she took of *Albigion*, and for the particular Regard she had to their several States, by the munificent Bounties she had caus'd to be distributed among them. Tho' some *immoderate* People were so unconscionable as to be dissatisfied with these things, and

and said they were so far from reconciling Neighbours, that they set 'em all together by the Ears in the Country, for some got all the Money, and they were for *Peace* and *Moderation*, others got none, and they were for *War*.

This made such Civil Dissentions, that *Albania* was obliged to make many new Governors of Provinces, purely to support *M*—, and keep Mens Mouths shut, as well as tie their Hands, that they might not oppose such Men as were well principled in Political Religion, and zealously affected to her Highness's present Government; but notwithstanding all this, the stubborn People of *Albigion* were obstinately bent to oppose all her tender Offers of *G*—. Few wou'd hearken to her kind Declarations, but some unthinking Heads, who were follow'd by a Train of giddy Mob, that hunger'd after the Flesh-pots of *Egypt*, but wou'd believe Miracles no longer than while their Bellies were full: For they were, like all other Multitudes, on their Side who fed them, but withdraw the Hand that gives them Bread, and they are gone like a Flock of Wildfowl.

It was now high time to make use of all the Stratagems her Female Wit cou'd think of, for the Tides seem'd to roll strong, in spite of all the Efforts she had made to stem it. *Zarak* had caus'd *Albania* to make a Progress into the Country, whereby she might win the Hearts of her Subjects to her Obedience, and influence the most obstinate by her milder Presence. She visited the eldest Daughter of *Urania* first, and show'd her the Virtues she wou'd have her imitate, who not only own'd the bright Example who propos'd 'em, but swore that Gratitude and Principle oblig'd them to pursue what their *Sovereign* had so kindly taught them. This Declaration animated *Zarak*, so that she cou'd doubt of no ill Consequences after such

a Frank

A Frank Acknowledgment! Therefore she proceeded with *Albania* on their intended Expedition in all the height of Expectation; that every thing must now succeed according to her Wishes. But she was no sooner return'd to *Lodunum*, but the first thing she met withal was a publick Defiance against her from *Urania's* Daughter, telling her of all the *secret Designs* she had to undermine her: That she had cover'd her self with so thin a Veil, they had discover'd her fashionable Face, which they wou'd never trust again for her Sake; in short, the whole Thread she had spun in that Journey was quite unravell'd: She had left her Mask of *Moderation* behind her, which was pull'd in pieces, and sent *Albigion* for a *Specimen* of her religious Designs; but some burnt it, others cut it into *Atoms*, but the wisest Sort preserv'd it carefully in Spirits, as a Preservative in future Times against *Moderation, Perfidy, and Hipocrify*.

This Usage seiz'd upon her Head so violently, it had like to have cost her her Life; what to do in this Extremity she cou'd not tell, for all the Nation had their Eyes upon her, expecting how she wou'd behave her self in this Juncture; she durst not impart her Affliction to *Albania*, who had already enough to reflect on, for suffering her self to be carried about for a Show, only to Countenance *Zarab's* Designs. Besides, this peevish Daughter of the *Muses*, had retorted *Albania's* Visit upon her, as a Treacherous In— of hers to draw them into a Snare, and then leave them to shift for themselves. She accus'd *Albania* of Fickleness, who had been applauded for unalterable Constancy, and began to Lampoon her, by comparing her to the *Wind*, which is always subject to change; in short, she talk'd strangely, even of *Albania* her self, upon the Score of that Visit, which she was still uncharitably inclin'd to believe was design'd for no good to her; and

as to *Zarab*, she Despis'd her, she Ridicul'd her, in all Company, and to all the Young Fellows that Conver'd with her; and she wou'd never forgive her for using her *Canterius*, her *Brucus*, and all her Lovers, so ill.

The Noise of this Resentment struck *Zarab*'s Ears with an unusual Surprize, she was troubled at it extreamly, and some say sigh'd for Sorrow, which she was scarce ever known to do before, but her better Thoughts prevail'd upon her at that Time, and she reproach'd her self for such Base Designs. But it is a ticklish Business for a Woman to repent of a Thing that extreamly delights her; and she seldom charges herself home for a Fault so pleasing as Revenge. For these Reproaches of *Zarab* against her self were not altogether the inost violent that might be expected from one that pretended to have a real Sense of a Fault, but rather from one that was disappointed, that her Designs cou'd not have their intended Effect, so that sometimes she wou'd be angry with herself for making so much ado. At last, being assaulted by Turns, on the one Side by *Reason*, and the other by *Interest* and *Passion*, she got up early in the Morning, without having been able to take any other Resolution, than to yield her self up, if possible, to be govern'd by *Volpone*, and be for the future meerly Passive in the Management of that Business, which so long had ruin'd her Repose.

But alas, these were but vain Imaginations, and Dreams of a sickly Mind; for she cou'd no more be Govern'd by *Volpone*, than *Albania* cou'd Govern her; for meeting with him in the Gallery presently after, she reproach'd him with want of Politicks for her Miscarriage in her late Progress. *My Lord*, said she, you might have inform'd me better, than suffer me to be exposed to a Thousand Malicious Tongues, I had avoided,

if your L——p bad not given me a more agreeable Character of 'em. But they are an abusive People, and throw all their Dirt upon me; mean time you pass for a Saint, and let the Odium lie at my Door; either assert my Innocence to the World, or Albion shall know who B—— ber Liberties, and who S—— ber Freedom; who makes Religion a Politick Engine, and who Albania a Wooden Tool.

Volpone was confounded, and stood Mute as a Statue, while Zarab triumph'd in her Passion, and sooth'd her Rage for a Time with such like Reflections: At last he recover'd himself, but with a trembling Voice answer'd; Madam, said he, the Sentiments I had of you were quite different from this outrageous Passion I find in you; pray tell me coolly what I have done that is not for your Interest and your Glory, for all the World besides is indifferent to me. How many Reflections have I borne when I was constrain'd to oblige you? What Anxieties has it not caus'd in me since I was so near Alby'd to your H——? Yet you barbarously withdraw your Heart from me, whose Possession sweeten'd all my Sufferings, and you come now to sacrifice me to your Discontent, which I am not knowingly guilty of, my Tenderness still interesses it self for you, and weak as I am, I wou'd willingly serve you, tho' at the Expence of my own Life.

Weak indeed, my Lord, said Zarab, when you cou'd not protect me from being insulted in the Palace, but much weaker in your Head, when you could not foresee the Consequences of those feign'd Complements and Flatteries we paid Urania's eldest Daughter, to have a Return of the vilest kind imaginable, even to have our Favours despised, our Intrigues laugh'd at as empty Projets; Apprentice Boys boot at me as I pass the Streets, and throw me Pills to Purge the Spleen; so that unless Volpone's Thoughts be better, I shall have nothing for the future to Justifie my Conduct; but all those who read the History of my Life will look upon me as a Monster.

Madam,

Madam, said Volpone, if I do not redeem your Honour I desire to appear a Thousand times more Criminal than you can reproach me; but Fortune will sometimes play strange Fantastick and Surprising Tricks. However rest assured, we have her in our Hands, and it is but turning the Wheel and she will represent new Scenes of Pleasure.

This something appeas'd Zarab for the present, and they sedately consulted of new Measures to bring about such Designs as she wanted to establish, her Peace and Satisfaction of Mind, by fresh acquirements of Riches and Honour.

In Order to which, that her Interest might be firmer in *Albigion*, Zarab proposes an Alliance with *Montecuto*, a Family of Riches, but guilty of as dark Designs as Zarab's. The Goodness of *Albania*'s Disposition daily receives fresh Trials from Zarab, for *Montecuto* now must be made one of the First Grandees of *Albigion*, that not one Branch of Zarab's Race fall to the Ground dishonourable. This gave new Life to Zarab; she was strengthen'd now by a Man of her own Kidney; and it wou'd be hard to attack her of any side, who had fortified her Interest with Four of the strongest Branches in *Albigion*. Young *Montecuto* and *Hippolita*, the most Charming of her Sex, were doom'd to *Consolidate* this last and strongest Alliance; every body Pitied the Young Lover, because he was as happy as Beauty cou'd make him, but was insensible of Love, while the Fair *Hippolita* set all the World beside on Fire.

And now it was time to think of Perpetuating Zarab's Honour, and *Hippolito*'s Actions; for it is much question'd which of the Two will be remember'd longest in *Albigion*; if we owe a great deal to the first, there is no doubt but we are indebted to the last; and if the Noble Edifice, erected in Memory of that, continue as long as the remembrance of Zarab's Name, it will last as long as the Kingdom of *Albigion* has a Law in

it for a Female to sit upon the Throne. The Reflection of this was undoubtedly no little Pleasure to *Zarab*, to think how Posterity will read her Song, and she live Immortal in the remembrance of a Nation she has taken such Pains to serve, and who were so ungrateful to her, even while the Marks of her Favours were fresh in their Minds.

By this time the C——t and M——y were almost all modell'd to her Mind; *Volpone* redoubled his Care and Diligence, to see that none were admitted unto *Albania*'s Service, that wou'd fly in the Face of their Benefactors: And now it was both his and *Zarab*'s great Concern to obserye the Motion and Disposition of the People of *Albigion*, lest the great Meeting of the States of that Country should fall into Heats about the Management of Affairs, call them to Account, and overturn all that they had been doing for so many Years. To prevent this, *Volpone* feigns himself a Man of Sport and Pleasure, and *Zarab* to prevent *Albania* from thinking what was doing perswades her to take her Diversion along with *Volpone*; told her it wou'd be for her Health, and the Satisfaction of her People to see her, and find her Ease under the Differences that some of her Subjects endeavour'd to make in *Albigion* upon the account of Religion, as they pretended; *But*, said *Zarath*, *those kind of Men have no R——n among them nor is it that they are so concern'd about, but because your M——y has got a Wise M——y about you, and they are no longer employ'd*. You may remember, continued she, they were as troublesome in *Roland*'s Days, when he employ'd the greatest Statesmen of *Albigion*, that were different in their Opinions from them; how did they then torment the Good K——g, and caus'd him to M—— his Best Friends. They would play the same Game with your M——y, if you should bear-ken again to the Counsels of *Mulgarvius*, and the rest of that

that Party, whom you know are of turbulent, fiery, Tem-  
pers, nothing of the Meekness and Moderation you so much  
recommend, and find practised by Volpone, Sigillarius,  
and the rest of your present M——. You know, Madam,  
said she, it was for want of this Policy your Father was  
so unhappy, was burried on to Ruin by Solano, who  
Counsell'd quite contrary to Aurantio, who had the Sub-  
tlety all his Reign to follow this Rule, as the only true  
State Maxim to be us'd in Albigion.

*Albania*, who was all Compliance to *Zarab*, yield-  
ed to her Perswasion, and every thing was prepared  
for her Expedition; she was now equipp'd like ano-  
ther *Diana*, to seek her Pleasure in the Woods and  
Plains, where oft *Rolando* had been happy before. For  
that Prince's Crown had set like a Crown of Thorns  
upon his Head, had not that place Eas'd him some-  
times from Regal Cares, which were the most insup-  
portable to him of all Mankind; for tho' he had a  
Head as well qualified for *Busines* as any Man Born,  
his Heart was all made up of *Pleasure*, which was the  
Loadstone govern'd all the Actions of his Life, which  
might have been as Glorious as the Riches of *Albigion*,  
and the entire Affection of the People cou'd make  
them; yet his Clemency, and other Princely Qualities  
he was Master of, made him die the most lamented  
Monarch in the World.

But to return to *Albania*, we shall find her on the  
Plains of *Rolando*, which I shall so call for his Sake  
who loved them so well, perfect Mistress of Rural  
Sports and Pastimes. *Hunting*, *Hawking*, *Cocking*,  
*Horse-Racing*, were all Princely Sports, and might pos-  
sibly be made to relish with a Woman who was made  
up of *Tenderness* and *Compassion*; soft Female Virtues,  
which were by Degrees to be Harden'd, and made  
more Masculine.

*Albania* cou'd not be made sensible of the Diversion;  
but since she found it serviceable to her Health, she  
past

past away the Time with Chearfulness, and a great deal of Security of Mind. This pleas'd *Zarab* to see, for it answer'd her Purpose to find *Albania* easie, so that she cou'd pursue her Game with the greatest Satisfaction; for all she had to do, in order to answer her Designs, was to draw *Albania* to *Cambriensis*, to visit *Urania*'s Second Daughter; tho' she was sensible how the eldest had resented the Favour she bestow'd on her, yet to show the Temper she publickly profess'd to *Albigion*, she was easily prevail'd on to go, where all the Entertainment and kind Reception was given her that the whole Family was capable of. Nothing was too costly, nothing too good, that they cou'd treat her with; and *Albania* receiv'd their Expressions of Love with mutual Satisfaction.

This Prosperous Advance elevated *Zarab* and *Volpone* to the highest Pitch of Pleasure that cou'd gratifie their Desires. They found this Daughter of *Urania* in a Disposition of Mind suitable to theirs, for she was inclin'd, as they imagined, to those Terms of Moderation they had proposed to establish throughout *Albigion*. Nor did she only receive *Albania* with such Demonstrations of Joy, but she Caref'd *Volpone*, *Somerius*, *Fujimus*, *Tonnerius* and *Devonius*, the very Persons *Zarab* had pitch'd on to propose the Matter to her, for which this Grand Expedition was made, and upon which account she procur'd Honours to be conferr'd by *Albania* on several of the Family.

This so pleas'd the Mistres, who was an Ambitious Lady, that she told them all *Cambriensis* was at their Service, and she had Interest enough to engage that Place: This tickled their Ears, for this Declaration was what they wanted, and the Busines for which they came there. *Fujimus* told her the Person they design'd to recommend was no less than a *Zarazian*, one who had Married *Zarab*'s Daughter and was *Volpone*'s Son.

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The *Academian Lady* soon gave her Consent, and promis'd her utmost Assistance, told *Fuimus* she was sensible of *Volpone's* Qualifications, and that he was the Man in the World she shou'd most willingly espouse, not only for his own Sake, but that he was the Son of such a Father, and ally'd to such a Mother; and she knew very well from their Two Interests her Family were to expect all that they cou'd wish for or desire in *Albigion*. Much more she said on this Subject to induce them to believe she was intirely theirs, and they need use no more Artifices to engage her further. So that now it was high time to haste to *Lodunum*, and consult what was further to be done in order to establish a firm and lasting Interest in the Senate of *Albigion*.

In order to which, *Foeski*, a Seditious *Zarazian*, and a virulent Pamphleteer, was set on Work, and encourag'd to abuse all the Able Patriots of *Albigion*, Lists of T—— were Publish'd and Dispers'd abroad, to render them Odious to their Friends and Neighbours, but without the least Effect, except near *Lodunum*, whère they had the Opportunity of improving their Designs by more Ways than one. For Money about this time circulated apace, Lands were bought in all the Provinces near that Populous City, to make more V—— for D——s that had been known before since *Albigion* was a Nation. *Bruscus* and *Macaius* were stigmati'zd by all the *Zarazians* for Ringleaders of a Party who were very Zealous for Prelatical R——n, which they said brought Dissention among the People, disquieted the Repose of *Albania's* Government, tho' she was suppos'd to profess the same, having been Educated in those Principles which *Zarab* and *Volpone* made her believe were destructive of that Moderation she had promis'd to maintain in *Albigion*.

These Disputes rais'd great Heats and Feuds every wher; which were supported and carry'd on by Means of *Zarab*'s Partizans; who were very Numerous, tho' of little Account in respect of others, who were the Chief of the Gentry and Ecclesiasticks of *Albigion*; a Country where the Better Sort were always fast Friends to the C —. This disquieted the *Zarazians* not a little, tho' they were more industrious in their Way abundantly than the others, who depended altogether on the Establishment of the Laws of their Country for their Protection, while the *Zarazians* were finding out Ways to avoid the force of 'em; or if that fail'd, to procure Power enough to overthrow 'em.

Accordingly *Zarazian* Governours were set over the Provinces of *Exsia*, *Canutia*, and many others, in order to bring the several Petty States to their Lure, and gain such an Interest among them, as might secure themselves and their Adherents, when the Grand C — of the Nation shou'd sit: For they dreaded this Critical Time of erecting themselves into a Body of Men, that for the future shou'd influence all Affairs in *Albigion*, and the very People shou'd hereafter be known by no other Name than *Zarazians*. This very Thought pleas'd the Ambition of *Zarab*, and made her stick at no Difficulties to bring it about; and since she had now both new Modell'd the C —t and C —y, she thought there remain'd nothing to do, but set herself in the full enjoyment of her Labour; for every thing seem'd now to be out of the Reach of Malice, or the Power of Capricious Fortune, to prevent; for there was scarce a Borough in *Albigion* into which her *Ferrets* had not crept; so that she was almost confident there were no C — left to undermine her. However, we may see the greatest Politicians sometimes deceived; For what she thought herself the most secure

fecture in, first baulk'd her Expectations, even *Santid Albania*, where all her E — had play'd their Game; despis'd her Overture of *Greatness*, and laugh'd at her Threats, as the trifling Passion of a weak Woman; whom they knew too well to trust in; and hated too much to be flatter'd by. Tho' she wou'd have persuad'd some of them to believe she was *Liberal*, who at that time tasted of her *Bounty*, the rest knew she was — — — , and therefore scorn'd her ill-timed *Munificence*. Like true Lovers of *Albigion*, they search'd into the Bottom of the *Zarazian* P — — , and found out the hidden Mystery of Iniquity that has spread it self so far on this Side the River *Tweed*. Nor was this the only Disappointment her Illustrious H — — — met withal, but that well laid Train at *Cambrienis* was discover'd, and the Miners themselves blown up. For when they expected with Assurance to hear of the promis'd Fidelity of the younger Daughter of *Urania*, she prov'd as Errant a B — — to 'em as the Eldest, and instead of chusing a *Zarazian* of any Kind, sent them a Red Hot C — — n, an *Albigensis*, worse, if possible, to them than a *Bruscus*.

This Action set the wbole C — t in an Uproar, for they had all talk'd with Assurance of *Cambrienis*, so that this was the most Considerable Disappointment that cou'd have happen'd to the *Zarazians* at this Juncture; and it not only lost their Interest there, but the Noise of it reach'd as far as the *Land's-end*; so that they durst not venture a Second Defeat at *Exonia*, where they had as large Promises as at *Cambrienis*; nay, so far they had prevail'd there, as to engage her Prelate, who had been one of their Virulent Enemies, to Espouse *Volpone*; yet when it came to the Trial they declin'd it, and left that entirely to the Disposal of Old *Somerius*, who hated a *Zarazian*, and wou'd his utmost Power, which was very considerable,

to throw out Men of their Principles every where in that Part of *Albigion*.

*Zarab* was in a Consternation to find herself outwitted, and it put her to the Rack of Invention to find out Ways to prevent the further Progress of these Malicious Enemies, to her and her *Zarazians*, and accordingly she resolved to visit *Roffensia*, one whom she had but little Value for, and wou'd ne'er have taken notice of but on such an Occasion: However, she resolv'd with cheerful Smiles in her Countenance, being an Excellent Mistress in the Art of *Dissembling*, to feign an extraordinary Friendship for her, and to use her utmost Power with her Husband, in an Affair of Importance that nearly concern'd her; *Madam*, answer'd *Roffensia*, who knew *Zarab* very well, *what can your H—s propose too difficult that I can deny you, if in my Power? For the Honour you do me in asking a Favour, is sufficient for me to grant it.*

*That is enough, said Zarab, to perfoade me you have a Friendship for me, which I cou'd heartily wish; but not to trifle time away in Complements, pray tell me, has my L——d secur'd his Interest in ——? You know Madam, continued she, *what I mean?* This Question rais'd a great Suspicion presently in *Roffensia* that *Zarab* was come to Pump her, which brought her into some Confusion, which *Zarab* observing, presently replies; *Madam, I find you hesitate, but let me assure you it will be his L——p's Fault if the Business be not done.* With that she shew'd a pretended Letter from the Governor of —— to her H——s, written to that Purpose, at the Request of the State of ——; and said the Inhabitants had such a Respect for her Husband, that there were no Doubt but his Affair wou'd take Effect. This Sham Letter pleas'd *Roffensia* wonderfully, and now took off all Jealousies she had entertain'd of her, tho' she cou'd not but remain in Surprise*

prise at this sudden and unexpected Kindness of *Zarab's*. But not being enough upon her Guard, together with *Zarab's* Subtle Insinuations, she disclovere'd the whole Busines of her Husband, what Interest he had in —, and who were the Chief Men that oppos'd him: She was secretly pleas'd to hear this; but the more to cover her *Treachery*, told her those very Men were particularly obliged to her, and if she wou'd engage her Husband to write Letters after such and such a Manner, she wou'd find out Ways to make them take Effect; adding, that the State was very Necesfitous, and the only Way to Establish my *L*—d's Interest was by *B*—s convey'd the right Way, and by a *Zarazian* Hand, which was the Surest Way to succeed.

*Roffensia* was prevail'd upon to take her Advice, and directly went to her Husband, who Hastily, and without further Consideration, yielded to his Wife's Solicitation, and dispatch'd Letters according to *Zarab's* Desires, which she soon sends away, with Secret Instructions to expose them publickly abroad, and so ruin the Interest of *R*—, in order to bring in *Coragio*, a M—n of hers, and S—y to *Hippolito*. This piece of V—y succeeded even beyond her Expectations, for there happen'd to be a Particular Sort of *Zarazians* who espous'd the Cause, and resented *R*— with a great deal of Indignation. They caus'd his Letters to be expos'd on the Town Crofs, and cry'd up *Zarab* for a great Friend to *Albigion*, in detecting this piece of V—y she had been the Inventer of. On the other Side, some of *Zarab's* private Conspiracies were discover'd, and made as publick here as they had been before at *Sancta Albania*, where Letters of the foulest Designs were expos'd, and the Character known to be that of her *H*—s's own Hand-writing.

But all these things, some say, proceeded from a Zealous Desire she had to *promote Religion*, which was sinking to nothing in *Albigion*; and unless it was followed with Fervency, People wou'd not distinguish *True Zeal* from *Hypocrisie*, but take the first for a Temptation of the Devil, and the last a pernicious Design to ruin all Mankind, under the Hellish Mask of *Moderation*.

It is true indeed, we may be tempted to our Perdition under a fair and false Appearance of Religion, which commonly proceeds from the Discontentments of Life, or from some *capricio* or Fancy of the Brain: And therefore it is very necessary to sound to the bottom of Mens Hearts, to know whether the Religion they profess spring from pure Principles, or be polluted with sensual Appetites? Whether Ambition be not the most prevalent, either to forward or hinder it; and that since Honour is so tempting, and we have no other Hopes to attain it, whether we do not aspire to it by Means of Religion? In short, there is an infinity of false and treacherous Motives, which bring Men to Perdition instead of Religion.

How many are they who affect it from a Principle of Vanity and Presumption, and do all they do out of Design and *Vain-glory*? Some pretend to it in order to be *Statesmen*, and make a *Mystery* of all Things, and by a certain counterfeit and studied Art labour to pass for great Men; others dispose of themselves by *Interest*, and insinuate with the Multitude to be protected by them, that so they may exact upon the World: All these People make *Religion* the highest Point of their *Politicks*; for by this Pretence they Reign imperiously over many, and captivate the obstinate and unthinking Vulgar, who are charm'd with their promising outside, and never enquire farther, but let such Men dispose of them at their Pleasure.

And

And it is a common Trick with them who study to sooth and gull the World, with Specious Artifices, to make frequent Use of Sentences in pleasant Matters, and in grave Ones of Religion, which is as so many Precious Stones to embellish their Designs, and dress up their *Secret Mysteries* in such a pleasant Garb, as may excite the Minds of Men to Curiosity.

But to return to *Zarab*, we shall find her pluming herself under her treacherous Conquest over poor *Rof-fensia*, and glorying she cou'd act her Revenge upon any of the Enemies of the Family of *Zarab*. This animated her so, she immediately dispatch'd her E——s to *Woodstockia*, where a *Zarazian* was oppos'd by *Walterius*, who till then had always had the Favour of that *State*; nor had he been rejected now, but by a Secret Stratagem of *Zarab*'s. For *Cadogonius*'s Interest lay entirely upon her Management, which was more close and Secret, tho' not of half that Importance as that of *Cambrienis*. And this was owing in a great Measure more to the quick Thought of *Zarab*'s F——V——, than to her own Contrivance; and the whole Scheme of this Affair was laid by *Volpone*, *Furmus*, *Sorrius*, and the rest of the *Zarazian* Conspirators; for they were all in the Interest of *Zarab*, to destroy the F——m of all the States and Provinces of *Albigion*. The People were reduced to such a Condition, that they were no longer their own Masters, but were turn'd this Way, and that Way, as they were mov'd by their Governours and Superiours, which were now almost all *Zarazians* throughout the Kingdom of *Albigion*.

This made the poor Wretches complain heavily, that they were toss'd to and fro like Waves by the Tempestuous Winds, and were not at liberty to do what they had a mind. They were compell'd to divide their Lands without Purchase, and give their

W—, without Pay. They were hurry'd from their Houses in the Night, nor suffer'd to return Home when they saw the Day. They were taught to Swear against their Friends, for those they knew to be their greatest Enemies.

Here they saw to their Sorrow Men of *Vicious* and *Corrupt Lives* and *Conversations*, without one good Action to recommend them, rais'd in a Trice from *Slaves*, to be *Governours of Provinces*, from *Poor* to be *Rich* and *Powerful*, from *Base* and *Unknown*, to be *Noble*, and *Chief* of the *State*; honour'd for their *Merit*, that is to say, their *V—y*, because they were *Zarazians*, and *Zarab* got by their Service. There was no such thing as frowning or grumbling for the rest of the *Albiginois*, if they expected to obtain any thing they desired; in short, they were for Exercising a kind of *Arbitrary* and *Despotick Government* against all that were not *Zarazians*, or at least something of their Kidney, who banish all the Signs of Generosity and Publick Spirits, and encourage little beside *Vanity*, *Fraud* and *Cheatery*, which ran in the very Blood of the meanner Sort of the *Zarazians*, and was to be found too exuberant in those of higher Rank. For *Self-interest* and *C—th* Designs spring from their Pedigrees, as Herbs from Plants.

This is too manifest in the Character of *Artonio*, the vilest *Zarazian* in *Albigion*, and one who was universally hated even by his own Party. Who was so far from being rul'd by *Reason*, that he suffer'd himself to be carried away by every little Perswasion of *Interest*; for whose Sake he certainly precipitated himself upon some *cholerick Action*, the Event whereof fullied his Honour with the darkest Stains of *Infamy* and *Dishgrace*; but that he valued no more than he did *Religion*, which he observ'd as little as he did *paying his Debts*. But Generous Spirits exercise more *Humanity* towards them

them who have oblig'd them, than those the whom they oblige, as we may see by Experience practis'd in the Triumphs of Great Men. All the World knows it is an Heroick Action not to be transported by our Passions; and tho' they may chance to assault our Wills, yet that Judgment that governs 'em will make us relish our Reasons. In short, the ill Life and Conversation of this *Zarazzian* has obscur'd all the Great Achievements of his Politicks.

Nor had *Zarab* her self been less admired for her Policy than she is now for her — if she had truly followed that Policy which is the only and true Means to govern well, which every Day produces various Changes in Affairs; wherein the Reasons of State are so numerous and so ambiguous, as to hold the most Subtle Ministers in suspence, and wherein there are so many nice and abstracted Precepts, that unless Judgment or Experience give the Art to apply them, the Event thereof cannot but be pernicious or fruitless. For Policy composes the Union of Men; and we should not know how we lived if we were not taught; so that it is not only necessary for the Conduct of States, but useful also in such private Conversations as ours; and that it is exercised upon sensible and particular Objects, tho' it be of a great Extent, and of an eminent and superlative Original. Society is a Character which Nature has imprinted upon Man, by a certain Instinct or natural Law, which gives him an Internal Motion or Propensity to it; and this Motion is afterwards seconded by the Imitation of external things, which are the Conveniences and Commerce of this Life.

The Object of Policy took its Principle from particular Societies; and so by degrees, in Progress of Time, rose from small ones, to great ones. The First Man, and the First Woman, made the First Society

in the World's and afterwards their Families and Posterities aggrandiz'd it so much, that of One particular Society were made many; and so it necessarily follow'd, that what was proper to one Generation only, being augmented by different Families, must grow to be variously divided; that *Houses, Boroughs, Forts, Towns, and whole Provinces*, must be Built for Lodging and Habitation, and Convoys appointed for the Security of Commerce, and that all must be deducted in fine into Kingdoms and Commonwealths, and other Forms of Government, that so by the Direction of one or more, Order and Policy, might be kept in Communions, which were made by Mankind, by its Safety and Conservations; and consequently that whatever might prove hurtful, either to the Publick or Private Interest, might be removed and avoided: This Order hath always been accounted something more than of bare Humane Invention; and tho' it may look as if the Body acted principally therein, and that Care, Vigilancy and Labour wrought most in it, yet it seems to derive its Origine from a higher Source.

For even Irrational Creatures, without Art and Study, are as capable, off it as we, and seem to put this of Policy in Practice, to teach us how to guide ourselves in the Management of States, and the direction of Nations. For *Bees* are a perfect Example of Policy; and that Policy of theirs is so well ranged, and so firmly establish'd in their *Swarms*, which are their Communities, that we must absolutely conceive there is something more than Natural Instinct given to them, for the Instruction of our Government, in regard there are in the *Corridice* of these Creatures, such certain **Maxims**, and so well regulated an Order, and rule of

So that it has been a Dispute, whether Men ought not to follow the natural Reasons of those Creatures which are their Authors, and which we find to be as Potent as Just. And it has been judiciously decided, that *Religion* is the Principle and Foundation of *Policy*; and that those States are always in Danger and Disorder in which it is not firmly settled: So that the *Bees*, which never go out of their *Hives*, according to Tradition, without first crossing their Legs, and kissing them, by an Instinct as it were of *Religion*, shew us what we ought to do before we undertake any Business; and we ought of Necessity to Worship aright before we can know how to govern so.

But this was a Doctrine *Zarab* and her *Zarazians* were so far from practising, that they were rather for abolishing natural Laws of Government, and instituting new ones of their own, according to their Modern Scheme of Policy, and far-fetch'd Notions of Government, quite different from any yet Instituted by Divine or Humane Right before. For the *Bees* teach us that Men ought to employ themselves not meerly for their own Interest, but their Friends; Labour for their Country; and be Industrious for the Good and Peace of the Common-wealth; and that they ought to be content with what they have, without coveting what belongs to others, as they are with their *Hives*, without Trouble or Discord; and without taking or seizing upon those of their Neighbours.

'Tis the Character of an *Honest Politician*, to contribute as much as he possibly can in order to the general Content of the World; he must always avoid saying or doing any thing which may in any ways disoblige. An unbounded and affronting Raillery is an ill Talent: Men of this Temper spare not their Friends or themselves; I say that of unlimited Raillery, for nice Raillery is what's most agreeable in Conver-

fation ; but it must be used with the greatest Circum-spection imaginable ; just as a *Ragout* is spoil'd by overseasoning, so by railing too sharply we render our selves offensive and odious to Company.

Those who affect to rail, ought to have a nice Manner of doing it, which may please reasonable People ; and 'tis even so by those who use themselves to *Flattery* : For those who flatter grossly, without Choice or Distinction, please but few Persons. But as most Men are blinded by their Vanity, and the Complaisance they have for their own Merit they don't perceive they are flatter'd, but let us understand by their Satisfaction that what was said obliged them, and they very much approved it, and that it gave them an extraordinary Pleasure ; for vain Persons cannot forbear shewing the ridiculousness of their Vanity.

But those who countenance it by false Adulations, deserve to be punish'd as Poisoners of Society ; for a true Complaisance ought to be free equally from Flattery and Incivility ; the endeavouring to please, Politeness and Civility are the Essential Parts of a Courtier, who aims at being esteem'd above others, and to have generally the Approbation of a Court ; but I cannot excuse their cringing Embraces, base flatteries, and vain Offers of Service, with which they deceive those who court them ; too mean in giving way to such Conditions.

It is dangerous for Courtiers to be too familiar, for it degrades them, and makes them become less esteem'd, by losing a certain kind of Dignity which a grave and serious Air affords. But notwithstanding, Men of that Rank ought not to affect a Grave Air, for too dull and serious an Aspect which continues long is very tiresome, and the greatest Men ought sometimes to unveil themselves, and act according to their Natures ; for 'tis not always a *Propos* to be disguis'd under an affected Form.

Some

Some Men have a perfect Fund of ill Humour, capable of disgusting all the Joys of the World ; they are pleas'd with the dulness of their Melancholy, and they seem to find a Diversion in creating Strife and Division every where, and setting the best of Friends together by the Ears. They have always something quarrelsome to tell of one another : And when they are at Difference they are pleas'd with the Sport, and hug themselves for it in Secret.

Others less hurtful, but every whit as tiresome, groan continually under their Misfortunes, and complain severely of their Destiny ; let the Year be never so Fruitful or so Barren, let there be either War or Peace, the Taxes doubled or lessen'd, 'tis nevertheless to them an everlasting Fund of Lamentation.

It signifies little to have Wit, Sense, or such like Qualities, we must likewise have Proofs of a certain Character which encourages us, and makes our Merits valued. Without all that, Persons that have no Merit nor Wit, who neither labour for the Church nor State, but have good Patrons, will undo Persons of the greatest Merit, and will always exceed Men in their Dispensation of Favours. A Man that for his Share has Wit and Sense, is not fit to rival a Man that is very Rich, and very Foolish ; 'tis but a Jest to compare them, and to prefer them first ; for Women, who naturally love Interest, generally judge in Behalf of Riches.

A Rich and Liberal Lover, tho' never so great a Fool, is generally preferr'd before a Plain Honest Man, who is not in a Condition to supply their foolish Expences ; they have banish'd from their Companies those Eternal Lovers, who spend their whole Life in saying Soft Things to them, and make no Expences but of Tenderness, they desire something more Real and Solid. I know no Reason why the

Women shou'd be reproach'd with being *Mercenary* and *Coquettish*, 'tis a Piece of Injustice done them. I think they shou'd be so, and as all things make use of their Charms to please Men ; we may find the same Desires in both Sexes.

I can by no means approve of those Vapourish Ladies who pretend to be melancholly when they are out of Humour, since the Nature of the Sex obliges Women to be pleasant ; and they ought never to disengage themselves from that, if they have a Mind to have the Men esteem them. They abuse themselves when they believe the Glory of a Woman consists in the Character of her Beauty ; no, for it is rather comprehended in the Regularity of her Conduct. A nice Behaviour much becomes a Woman of Fashion, who ought not to permit any Emancipation or Prescription of Rules, but those which good Sense teaches.

I do not pretend to mean by this that they ought to live like *Savages*, nor look on Men as *Seducers*, but that they may with Civility receive the Praises they give them, and the Homage which they pay to their Merit.

Those Women that take a Fancy to Severity are generally too formal, and the Affectation of Wit which they shew when their Conduct is not entirely regular, renders them much more despiseable ; we shou'd have much more Charity for them if they did not so absolutely set up for *Nuns* ; their Reputation does not depend on the Capricious Notions of Men, and the Applauses they give them, but on their *Merit* and *Virtue*.

The Distaste of some fiery proud Women is not of that Service that they imagine, nor does it cause them to be the more respected. Those hot kind of Ladies have an odd Sort of Dulness in their Faces, and an Impression of ill Humour, which deprives them of

One Part of their Charts, by lessening their Enjoyment ; but when they have taken upon them this Humour of Peevishness, they obstinately maintain it, and make good the Honour of their Characters.

There are some who have that Opinion of their Wit and Merit, that their Presumption carries them to think themselves above all the World. They have Notions which seduce them when any thing is to be decided, and the Precipitation with which they are carried away, hinders them from finding the Circumstances of any Subject. 'Tis those Opinions spoil them, and make them always take the wrong Side, and false Measures, when they are to do any thing that is difficult or uncertain : And when they have given themselves the liberty to think, their Obsinacy hardens them against all the Remonstrances that may be given them. They say and do a Hundred extravagant things to support them in this Humor ; like those who dispute on the wrong Side, they do it with all the Fire imaginable, for fear of being contradicted ; But they care not whether what they say be supportable or no ; they think the Point of Honour is not to yield ; and fancy they have received the greatest Affront that is possible, if they are obliged by substantial Reasons to subscribe to the Truth. That is the Effect of a ridiculous Positiveness and foolishPride.

But how hard is it to find a solid Judgment in Women, or indeed to know what it is ; either in Men or Women good Judgment extends it self infinitely large, and supposes very extraordinary Qualities ; it enters into and makes every thing reasonable, but it is not so common as 'tis thought to be ; many People flatter themselves with having it most exquisitely nice, altho' they only follow their own foolish and capricious Notions. 'Tis almost impossible to reform those that are posses'd with that Evil, because of the natural

Aversion

Aversion some Men have of being convinced ; those who really have Judgment suffer themselves to be less bias'd by their own Opinions, and are not known to boast so much of their Talent as those that want it. Persons that are beautiful easily perceive what is fine in themselves, but then they fancy that others may be more agreeable.

An Excellent Artist is not like the *Phœnix*, for he does Justice to the Merits of others ; for Judgment governs our Thoughts and *Ideas*, and makes us know our selves to be what we are. Those who follow their Inclinations have little or no Judgment, because in a great Measure they resemble the *Beasts*, that act only by Instinct and Nature : Whereas good Judgment is the Effect of a true and perfect Reason, which always takes the right side in things doubtful or uncertain. After all this, the rareness of it is not to be wonder'd at, since so many People who think they have it, flatter themselves with very little Reason.

But they cannot long impose upon the Publick, for their Weakness and ill Judgment is soon discover'd when they meddle either with judging or deciding Controversies : But what appears more troublesome and ridiculous is, that they wou'd have Men applaud and agree with them in their Notions, how inconsistent foever. Nevertheless different Opinions claim some Grains of Allowance, and ought not to be confin'd under the narrow Limits and Circumspection of common Judgment, for every Man is not endowed with a penetrating *Genius* ; therefore they ought not to condemn other Mens Opinions, because they are contrary to their own ; but before they condemn them, their Reasons for judging as they do ought to be consider'd, and after all those Precautions they may be mistaken. For in most Affairs there are generally many opposite Circumstances, which quite alter the Case ;  
"Twou'd

\*Twou'd then be very rash to censure those who are not of the same Opinion with themselves; for 'tis exposing their own want of Judgment to condemn others.

It may be taken for a general Rule, that there are few but have Judgment in one thing or another; the meanest Sort of People, who have no Education, and seem very dull, argue right in their own Cases, and their Arguments appear then more refin'd when they are for their own Interest. The most Essential Thing is for a Man to know his own Excellency, and to confine himself within his proper Sphere, without desiring to go beyond his Bounds: But suppose it never so unpleasant, capricious or false, Men always desire to dispute about things much above their Capacities.

There is a certain Self-conceit or Opinion that enters into the Actions of all Men, and that's the Reason they are determined for one thing rather than another; some have a fancy for Musick and Symphony, others of a more lively Temper love something tumultuous, and the noise of Drums and Trumpets please them. If it was to be enquired why so many People undertake Employes which seem so laborious, there can be no other Reason assign'd, but that 'tis according to their Fancy, for otherwise they might accept of more pleasant Professions; but we can never better dispose of our selves than after our own Inclinations, for we generally succeed in what we do with Pleasure.

\*Tis *Fancy* that embellishes every thing; even the Products of Nature and Inventions of Art cannot be thought excellent unless they be pleasing; 'tis that which makes *Paintings* and *Musick* of different Kinds have different Admirers; it appears in the meanest things; many Women in *Stuffs*, by reason of their dressing with an Air, make a better Figure than others who are dress'd in the richest Cloaths, and have not

not a good *Fancy*. And tho' it be a difficult Matter to determine wherein this consists, yet we must not believe it to be barely *W<sup>h</sup>im* and *Imagination*, but something that is Real; 'tis a Sort of something which pleases us, and we cannot exactly express it. 'Tis by Virtue of this we judge of *Dress*, *Building*, &c. It serves as for a Guide, and conducts us every where.

Nature is a kind of Harmony, which by a strange Collection of Things, makes an Impression on our Senses and our Reason. This is the Origine of all our Passions, which is excited by the Agreement we find between our Senses and their Objects; 'tis that Likeness and Sympathy which gives us the Pleasure of our Senses; Sympathy consists in the Disposition of one Object in favour of another. A certain Collection which agrees with the Organ of Hearing, excites in us the Pleasure which causes the Harmony, and the well Undestanding of Musick. In like manner, as the Nice Mixture in Sauces causes a certain Relish, which by its Delicacy pleases all Persons of a good Taste.

But as the Organs in most Men are differently dispos'd, for that reason the Object works differently on their Senses; 'tis that is the Cause of the Natural Aversions which are observable in some Persons that can neither suffer the Sight nor Approach of some Objects: We may from the same Reasons concede to different Opinions, since the same Objects excite different Sensations, according to the Dispositions of the Fibres; and that which Pleases the Palate of one, causes a great Distaste in another.

'Tis not Tasting alone that causes such different Impressions on our Organs; 'tis very probable that other Objects may have the same Effect. Perhaps what seems to one *Black*, may seem to another of a different Colour; in short, we cannot absolutely determine

termine whether or no the Eyes are not like Glasses differently cut, which after that manner changes the Colours of Objects.

There are Men of Sense as well as Wit, who think differently of every thing. Those who are endow'd with a fine and delicate manner of discerning, conceive those things under nice *Ideas* to be the same as they really are: *Wits* of a narrower Size generally conceive but the superficial Part of Objects. Subtle *Wits* define too much, and evaporate all their Conceptions into vain Imaginations. The difference which is observable in these arises from the Disposition of the Organs Diversity of the Fibres of the Brain, and the Substance wherewith it is fill'd. It is not to be doubted but that these things, altho' purely material, contribute to the Beauty and Nicety of Wit; because the Soul, when it is enclos'd in the Body, depends on the Organs, and those, when well dispos'd, are of much greater Aid to it in the performance of its Duty. Suppose a Painter be never so expert, he must have a Pencil for his Purpose when he has aim'd to draw fine and delicate Lines.

According to the Maxims of this Philosophy it is easie to judge why Persons of Quality have generally more Penetration, Vivacity and Spirit, than those of a meaner Rank: For tho' good Education infinitely contributes to the Polishing and Perfecting of Wit, yet 'tis certain that good Nourishment, and the Juice of Nice Meats, which mixes with the Blood, and other Humours of the Body, subtilizes them, and renders them more proper for the Functions of Nature. 'Tis perhaps for this Reason that Men of Spirit have an odd Fire and Liveliness in their Eyes, which distinguishes them from other Persons, whose Stupidity is perceiv'd by their dull and languishing Eyes.

The little Care taken in forming the Reasons of some Men, is the Cause why they produce so little in their Actions; Children have Masters to teach them to *Dance* and *Sing*, &c. but few or none to form their Minds, and teach them good Sense; that is not thought of; which is therefore the only Reason why most Men are more govern'd by *Caprice* and Fancy, than by the Guide of their Reason, which is not sufficiently cultivated. It must be observ'd too, that few Men are willing to curb their Passions, for all their Applications are only to find out Means to justify them, and when they are forc'd to own themselves to be in the wrong, they answer they cannot help it.

'Tis not enough for Men to know in what Condition they are, and their Duty in that State; if they have but Courage to maintain it; but they generally flatter themselves that the World has nothing to reproach them with, tho' gross Faults expose them with Justice to the Publick Censure; Vanity and Presumption hinders them from knowing themselves, and doing themselves Justice, because they have not the true discernment they ought to have. Mens Self-conceit suggests them a Thousand false Maxims to render their Faults unperceivable to themselves.

Twou'd without doubt be a very Bold Enterprize to endeavour the— of some Men; for to do it, the whole Course of their Lives ought to be chang'd: This Project is as difficult as that of endeavouring to change the Features of their Faces. But as there are Ways to whiten, and take all Blemishes from the Face, so perhaps there may be Means found out of reforming their Manners: Conversation, or Knowing the World, is of the greatest Importance to it; for People Bred at Court, tho' they are not always of the most sublime Genius, yet they judge indifferently well on most Subjects, and speak reasonably of every thing.

Men,

Men, tho' but of indifferent Sense, who use good Conversation, appear much more Polite than those of readier Wit unus'd to Company. Those who are not accustom'd to good Manners, know no better than to discourse of things out of the Way, which happen not in the Conversation of the World, for they have no Knowledge of what is truly agreeable: Their Language is mear Jargon, and they appear awkward in the Company and Conversation of Polite People, and for want of studying the Gift of Pleasing, they become Noisie and Troublesome.

The Knowledge which teaches Men to live among People of Civility and Manners, is certainly preferable to any other; for tho' the Precepts are but few, the Practice of them is very difficult, and requires more Care than every Body will take: A Man must learn to dissemble his dislike of every thing under the Disguise of good Humour and Pleasantry. Knowing how to Converse, is knowing how to Oblige; in fine, it is the best Method of pleasing, the shortest Way of gaining the Good-will of every Body. Men ought to fashion themselves to the Humours and Opinions of their Friends. If they are Fickle and Capricious, the others ought to be so too, and endeavour to comply with them in their Fancies.

Vain Persons are easily perswaded that they have some extraordinary Qualifications, whereby they outdo all their Rivals; their Folly is to Esteem none but themselves, and to have a Disregard for the rest of Mankind. If they are oblig'd to allow that they have committed some Faults, they are soon reconciled to themselves again, because they think they are made up by some other rare Perfections they are Masters of. 'Tis thus that the love of themselves seduces them. But if they indulge themselves much, they treat other Men with the more Severity, and pardon nothing they find

amis in them ; for they have a Secret Pleasure in Backbiting those whose Personal Merit surmounts theirs.

But it is high time, after this long Digression, to return to our Story again, where we shall find *Hippolito* acting the most Generous thing, and *Zarab* the most Niggardly Unfriendly Part in the World. A certain Old Acquaintance, both of *Hippolito* and hers, making Application to her Highness amidst the Suitors that waited on her for Preferment, got, after much Solicitation, the Promise of Favour, if he wou'd bring her Information of a Vacancy proper to be bestow'd on him ; He waited some time with Patience, as those that attend on Courts must do, at last he heard of something which he thought was for his Purpose, tho' it was with much Diligence he got the first Intelligence ; he was satisfied for all the Pains he had taken, because he was sure his Interest was good, and rely'd entirely on it ; accordingly he went, and told *Zarab* he had got Information of something whereby she might make his Fortune for ever, and he was confident he was come early enough, before it cou'd possibly be dispos'd of. *Zarab* seem'd pleas'd at this Relation, and told him she was glad he found out such a Thing that she cou'd serve him in, and therefore promis'd him if he wou'd attend on her next Day she wou'd give him an Answer, which she did not question but wou'd be to his Satisfaction : Away went our New Courtier with full Expectations of being put in Possession of his Desires when he came again ; he cou'd not forbear smiling to himself to think of the Old Proverb, *That a Friend at Court was as good as Gold in a Man's Pocket.* But it wou'd have mov'd a Stock to some extravagant Action to have been disappointed after that manner this fancied Favourite was.

The next Morning, according to Appointment, he waited at Zarab's Apartment, with Pleasure in his Looks, and Satisfaction in his Mind, when in a short time her H——s came to him, and thus accosted him. *I am heartily sorry, Sir, you have given your self so much Trouble to enquire after that Business you were telling me of, for it was Yesterday dispos'd of before I had Notice to make Application for it.* These Words struck the Poor Gentleman all on Heaps, that he had not one Word to say for himself; which Zarab perceiving, and knowing what a Treacherous Trick she had play'd him, in disposing of that she had actually promis'd him, and which he had inform'd her of first; nay, which she was in Gratitude for former Services oblig'd to do for him, she proceeded thus; *Sir, you seem concern'd, but I promise you I will do whatever lies in my Power to serve you. The Gentleman that has obtain'd this Preferment I believe is Needy, and I fancy I cou'd prevail upon him to resign it if you will give Five Thousand Florins, which it is very well worth. Madam, said he, I am not worth One Florin in the World, and I can assure you if I had been worth Five Thousand, your Highness shou'd have been the last Person in the World I wou'd have ask'd a Favour of.*

Zarab was something concern'd at his Resentment, for fear of Stories, and therefore endeavour'd to soften him as well as she cou'd, for Five Thousand Florins was dearer to her than the best Friend that had spent his Fortune in her Service. However, she pacify'd him for the present, and sent him Home with Assurance, as she thought, of her future Favours, which he seemingly show'd a belief of; but went away with the utmost Resentment in his Breast, and resolv'd he wou'd acquaint Hippolito with her Usage to him, which he did by the first Opportunity he cou'd meet with: But, good Heavens! How was Hippolito amaz'd when he heard

heard him relate the Particulars. *Is it possible, said he, that she can be so ungrateful and perfidious to you, whom we both owe so much to? I am ashamed of it, and blush to think it shou'd be named, therefore let it be forgotten, nor let her know I have heard of it, but take Five Thousand Florins here, with that he gave him a Bill for the Money, and pay it her for her Place; for she will be Zarah in spite of Hippolito.*

Much about the same time *Ufrania*, a Lady about the Court, one who had good Interest formerly in the House of *Albania* made Application to *Zarab* for a Favour, but at the same time knowing her Highnes's Disposition, brought a Pledge along with her, which without Ceremony she offer'd to her, with earnest Solicitations that she wou'd please to accept of it, *Zarab* took the Present, and looking upon it very narrowly, found it was not worth what she might get, or at least what she expected, for such a Piece of Service, return'd it to the Lady again with this Compliment, *Madam, said she, with all the Subtilty of the Serpent, methinks I am loth to rob you of such a Jewel as this; it looks like a Family Relick, and I don't question but you set a great Value upon it; beside, I am cloy'd with Presents of this Kind, and have great Occasions for Money; Five thousand Florins wou'd please me much better, and it may be you may esteem that Jewel at double the Value;* when at the same time she knew the Jewel cou'd not be worth above a Thousand Florins, and that was as much as was thought fitting by the Lady to offer for the Favour she ask'd of her; for she knew beforehand it was necessary to bid a Market Price, but cou'd not believe *Zarab* had been so unconscionable as to over-stand the Market. Therefore she went away with Regret, so Noble a Present wou'd not prevail with an Old Acquaintance to use her kindly.

But alas, this was nothing to *Zarah*, for a near Relation of hers making a kind Entertainment for her One Night, in the midst of their Satisfactions thought it might be proper to move her Highness, out of Compassion to do something for an Infant or Two she had sitting with her at Table: *Madam*, said she, *these are some of your own Blood, that may one Day live to thank you, if you will be so kind as to remember them when Opportunity serves.* This, tho' spoke with all the Modesty and Regard possible to *Zarah's* Quality, put her in such a Passion as her Highness was subject to when she had a mind not to be troubled with Solicitations. *Madam*, answer'd *Zarah*, *I thought you had known me better; what, do you take me for Queen of Albion, that you apply your self to me, as if I cou'd grant what I pleas'd?* *I'll assure you*, continued she, *I have the Disposal of nothing but*——; and so she broke up the Entertainment abruptly, mean while the Poor Lady was ready to expire betwixt Grief, Anger and Resentment.